

MINISTRY FOR SOCIAL POLICY & CHILDREN'S RIGHTS

A Study on Adult Financial Literacy in Malta

Research Findings Report

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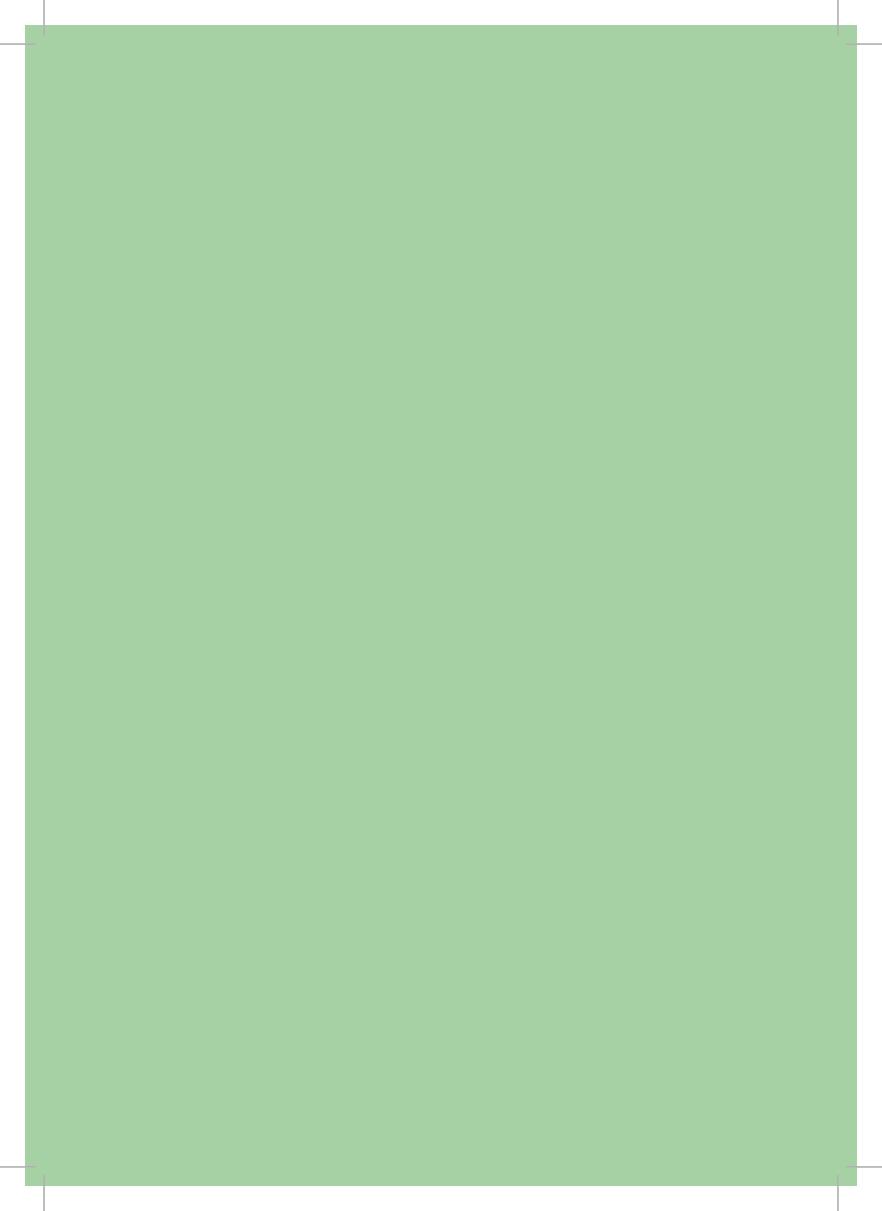






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SUMMARY

KEY CONCLUSIONS & TAKEAWAYS

1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY - KEY CONCLUSIONS & TAKEAWAYS

This Executive Summary highlights the key conclusions and takeaways of this Research Study on Adult Financial Literacy carried out in Malta in 2023. This national research study carried out with Maltese residents aged between I8-79 years, formed part of an international study of adult financial literacy, led by OECD's International Network on Financial Education (INFE) arm amongst 37 countries in 2023.

Malta participated in the 2018 and 2023 OECD/INFE international surveys of adult financial literacy. In this Report, the salient Malta 2023 findings on 'adult financial literacy' will be presented, together with some highlights on the marked comparative differences between Malta's two studies (held in 2023 & 2018).

OECD/INFE defines 'financial literacy' as "A combination of awareness, knowledge, skill, attitude and behaviour necessary to make sound financial decisions and ultimately achieve individual financial wellbeing." (OECD/INFE, 2023).

Planning and Managing Finances

1. Making day-to-day decisions about own money and household - (QFIA - QFI)

- ▶ 96% of Maltese residents make day-to-day decisions about their own money.
- Just over I in 2 (55%) consult with someone else to make the day-to-day decisions about money in their household, while 38% make these decisions by themselves. The remaining 6% are not responsible for the household's money decision; these are largely the younger age cohorts (between I8-29 years).

2. Initiatives taken for keeping track of one's household finances - (QF2)

- ▶ 2 in 3 Maltese residents (59%) keep a note of spending as their main initiative to keep track of their own/household finances.
- ▶ I in 2 (48%) use a banking app/money management tool to keep track of their outgoings. However, this usage percentage is lower among the cohorts aged 50+ years, standing between 34%-40%.
- ▶ Only I in IO (9%) do not take any initiatives to keep track of their own/ household finances. However, for the cohorts aged 60+ years, this topped to between I5%-I8%. However, worthy of mention is that in 20I8, I in 3 (29%) across all age cohorts did not take any initiatives on same.

Active Saving & financial Shocks

3. Ways for saving money in the last 12 months - (QF3)

- In the last I2 months, a high 73% of all Maltese residents have been saving money by paying money into a savings/deposit account, whilst I8% have purchased bonds or time (fixed) deposits.
- I7% have not been saving money in the last I2 months. On this finding, a I0 percentage-point increase was registered from the 20I8 (from 7% to I7%). An even higher "no money saved" finding was in fact registered amongst the older age cohorts 60+ years, i.e. I9% (60-69 years) and 24% (70-79 years).

4. Ability to face a major expense equivalent to monthly income without borrowing money - (QF4)

- ▶ Although 2 in 3 Maltese residents (67%) are able to afford a major expense, equivalent to their monthly income, I in 4 (25%) are not able to. Even higher scores were registered by the younger cohorts, aged I8-39 years, where an average I in 2 (53%) across these 3 age cohorts are not able to afford a major expense, equivalent to their monthly income.
- Encouraging active saving and keeping a close watch on personal financial affairs may assist these individuals in strengthening their resilience against financial shocks. According to the OECD/INFE international survey, sound active saving is one of the salient behaviours to render individuals resilient to financial shocks.

Financial Goals

5. Setting financial goals & actions taken to meet these goals (QF5, QF7)

- Almost 2 in 3 residents (60%) set themselves specific financial goals. Assessing this finding by way of residents' net annual household income, one observes that residents with a net annual household income of less than €14,500, are less likely to set themselves financial goals.
- From the Maltese residents (n=603) who set financial goals, 2 in 3 (65%) mainly reduced their spending to be able to meet their financial goals.
- Just over I in 2 (54%) prepared a plan of action and a further 46% saved or invested money to meet their most important financial goal.

Retirement Plans

6. Making financial plans for retirement - (QF8)

- ▶ 38% of Maltese residents are confident/very confident that they are doing/have done a good job of making financial plans for their retirement.
- ▶ Whilst another I2% admitted that they do not have a retirement plan. These residents are largely aged younger than 39 years.
- Significant improvements on this research area were noted when compared with the same 2018 finding. In the 2018 study, a worrying 45% indicated that they did not have a retirement plan, compared to 2023's much lower I2%. Moreover, in 2018, only 24% were confident/very confident of doing/having done a good job of making financial plans for retirement, compared to the 2023's much higher 38%, an increase of 14 percentage-points.

7. Funding one's retirement – (QF9)

- A high 75% of Maltese residents are funding/ will fund/ have funded their retirement by way of their government pension/old age benefit, amongst other funding options.
- A further 40% fund their retirement by withdrawing from their savings, amongst other funding options.
- ▶ I in 3 (33%) prefer to keep on working to fund their retirement, amongst other funding options.
- Only I in 5 own a private pension plan.

8. Ideal age for people to begin a financial plan for one's retirement - (Q3)

- ▶ 40% of Maltese residents believe the ideal age to begin making a financial plan for retirement is when one is aged 20-29 years old.
- A further I in 3 believe that the retirement financial plan should start when one is aged 30-39 years old.
- ▶ Similar findings on this research area emerged in the 2018 study.

Making Ends Meet

9. Experiencing a situation in the last I2 months in which income did not quite cover the living expenses – (QFII)

- I in 2 Maltese residents (49%) experienced situations in the last I2 months where their income did not quite cover their living expenses. This finding emerged largely amongst households earning a net annual income of less than €36,000.
- ▶ Moreover, this 2023 finding compares negatively with the 2018 finding, where only I in 3 residents (33%) experienced situations in which their income did not quite cover their living expenses in the previous I2 months.

10. Actions taken to make ends meet - (n=496) - (QFI2)

- ▶ The Maltese residents (I in 2 49%) who encountered situations in which their income did not cover their living expenses in the last I2 months were then asked to indicate the action/s taken by them to make ends meet on the most recent occasion when this happened.
- On such occasions, 57% of residents had to withdraw from their savings accounts, amongst taking other actions. Another 56% had to cut back on spending, amongst taking other actions.
- Following, I in 3 (33%) had to draw money out of their savings or transfer savings into their current account, amongst taking other actions.

Choosing and using financial products and services

11. Using types of financial products (personally or jointly) - (QP2)

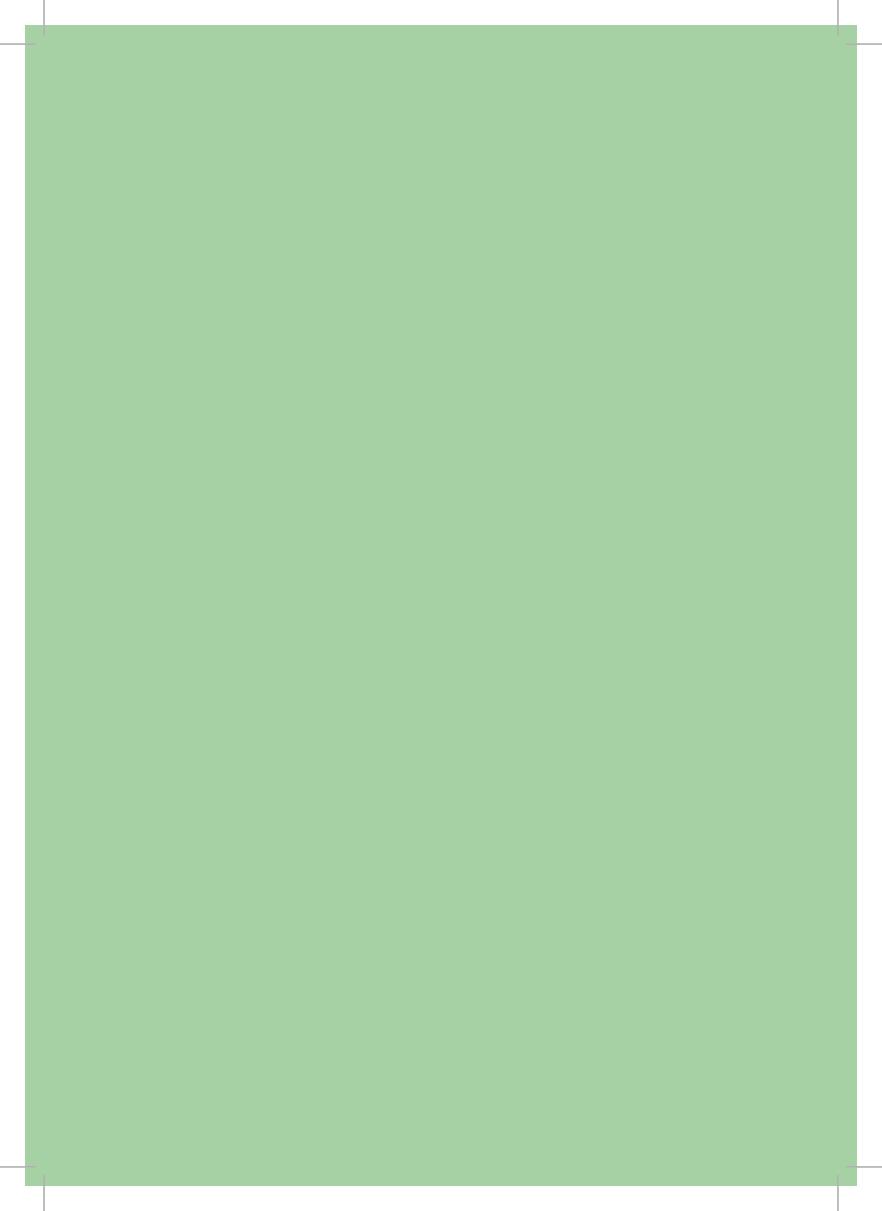
- ► The most commonly held financial products by Maltese residents comprise:
 - Savings account 93%
 - Current account 83%
 - Credit card 69%
 - Insurance 56%

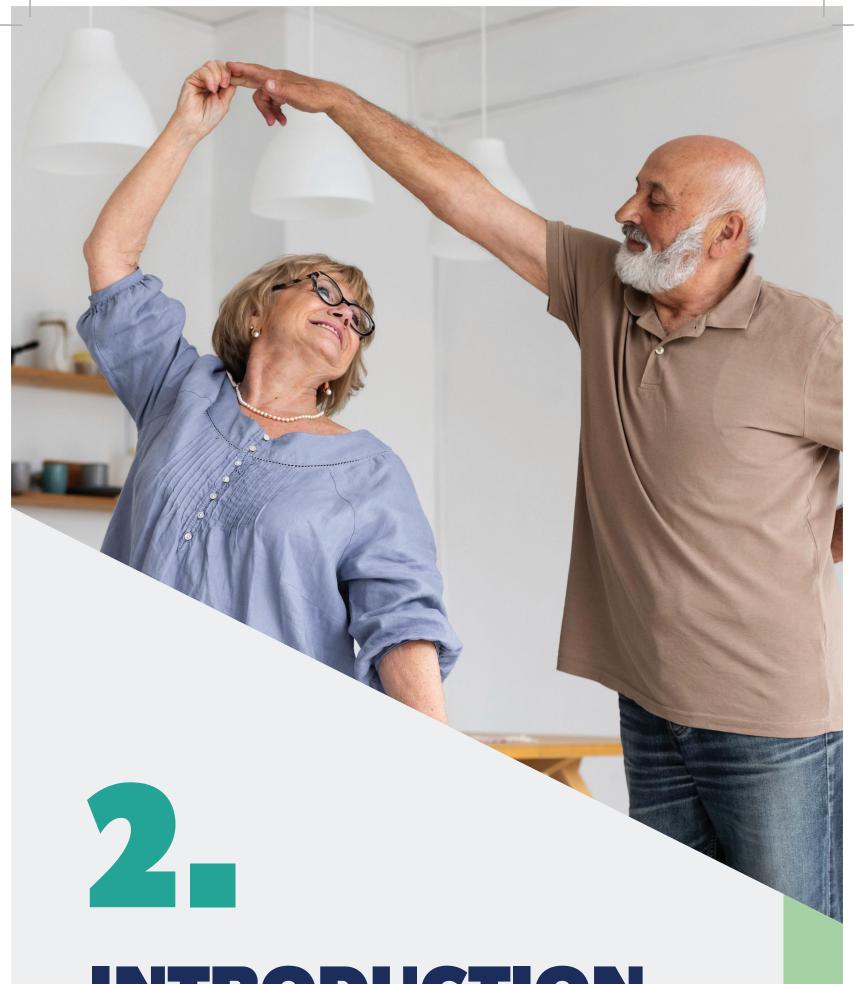
12. Considerations made when selecting a pension fund (n=196) - (QP5)

- ▶ Only 19% of Maltese residents own a pension fund. When these were asked what considerations were made before choosing their pension fund:
 - 52% pension fund owners considered several options from different companies.
 - 38% considered various options from one company.
 - 8% were offered a work pension fund benefit by their employer.

Awareness & Knowledge on "ĠEMMA - Know, Plan, Act"

- ▶ Less than half of Maltese residents (46%) are awareness of 'ĠEMMA Know, Plan, Act". The age cohorts least aware of ĠEMMA are those aged 60-79 years old.
- Assessing awareness of ĠEMMA "by Maltese adults" (n=885) (i.e. excluding foreigners residing in Malta), one finds that I in 2 (50%) are aware of ĠEMMA. Even here, the age cohorts least aware of ĠEMMA are those aged 60-79 years old.
- The Maltese residents who are aware of ĠEMMA were then assessed on their knowledge on ĠEMMA's role. I in 3 Maltese residents (30%) are aware of ĠEMMA's role as they ticked the correct "all of the above".
- ► However, a further 54% opted for reply option "an initiative which helps individuals of all ages to learn good financial behaviour and how to manage money properly", which may also be deemed to portray a very good description of ĠEMMA's role.





INTRODUCTION

2. INTRODUCTION

The Ministry for Social Policy and Childrens Rights (MSPC) commissioned market research consultants, **M.FSADNI & Associates (MF&A)** to conduct a quantitative nationwide Research Study on Financial Literacy in Malta with adults aged between I8-79 years, residing in Malta and Gozo. This research study was conducted in collaboration with the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development/(OECD/INFE).

This report will highlight the research findings emanating from this quantitative study carried out in July-August 2023.





3. RESEARCH OBJECTIVES

The overriding objective of this Research Project was to explore and assess 'financial literacy' in Malta. OECD/INFE (2023) defines 'financial literacy' as follows:

"A combination of awareness, knowledge, skill, attitude and behaviour necessary to make sound financial decisions and ultimately achieve individual financial wellbeing."

To this end, this nationwide research study explored and assessed Maltese population's

- Management and planning of personal and household finances
- Actions for active saving and preparation for dealing with financial shocks
- Financial goals and actions taken to meet such financial goals
- Plans for retirement
- Actions to make ends meet when experiencing a situation where income does not cover living expenses
- Choice and use of financial products and services
- Attitudes and behaviour towards finances
- Financial knowledge
- Awareness and knowledge on "ĠEMMA"

MSPC had already carried out this same Study, also using the OECD/INFE research instrument, in 2018. To this end, in this findings report, the salient Malta 2023 findings on 'adult financial literacy' will be presented, together with some highlights on the marked comparative differences between Malta's two studies (held in 2023 & 2018).



4. THE RESEARCH PLAN - RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

4.1 Introduction

This national study forms part of an international study led by OECD's International Network on Financial Education (INFE) arm. OECD/INFE believes that financial literacy and financial education have gained a prominent position in the policy agenda of many countries and the importance of collecting informative, reliable data on the levels of financial literacy across the adult population has been internationally recognised. The OECD/INFE research instrument is primarily designed to measure financial literacy in an internationally comparable way (OECD/INFE, 2022).

To address the national study's research objectives, the following research methodology was adopted.

4.2 Research Instrument Design

- ▶ The most recent (2022) version of the OECD/INFE 'financial literacy' research instrument was used to carry out this study. This research instrument was tweaked to reflect the realities of Malta's financial literacy situation, while still retaining its effective compatibility with the financial literacy situations of other countries.
- The structured research instrument (questionnaire) was produced in English and Maltese for ease of use, depending on the respondents' linguistic preferences. This comprised a 'Respondent Profile' section and a section for every 'research area' detailed below:
 - Management and planning of personal and household finances
 - Actions for active saving and preparation for dealing with financial shocks
 - Financial goals and actions taken to meet such financials goals
 - Plans for retirement
 - Actions to make ends meet when experiencing a situation in which the income does not cover the living expenses
 - Choice and use of financial products and services
 - Attitudes and behaviour towards finances
 - Financial knowledge
 - Awareness and knowledge on "ĠEMMA".
- A copy of this research instrument is included in **Appendix A** below.

4.3 Survey Fieldwork Dates

▶ The fieldwork for this study was conducted between July – August 2023.

4.4 Research Methodology & Sample Frame

- The quantitative study was conducted by way of CAWI (computer-assisted web interviews) and CATI (computer-assisted telephone interviews).
- Moreover, good design principles were applied for the CAWI interviews. The survey questionnaire was appropriately designed to enable respondents to easily complete the survey questionnaire on any device i.e. PC, laptop, tablet and smart phone, etc. The CATI interviews were carried out by MF&A's experienced field interviewing team.

- ► Throughout the whole fieldwork phase, MF&A executed thorough and continuous monitoring and quality assurance measures of the research findings being captured and also ensured that an appropriate representation of the Malta population by age, gender and geographical region (NSO, 2023) was attained.
- A total of 1005 Maltese resident respondents participated in this quantitative research survey. All survey respondents are aged between 18-79 years old.
- This 1005-count sample ensured the attainment of statistically significant research findings at a confidence interval of $\pm 1/2$ 3.1 at a 95% confidence level.

4.5 Survey Respondent Profile - Personal and Household Profile Details

- ► This Section gives details on the profile of the 1005 respondents who participated in this research study. The survey respondent profile details will be presented as follows:
 - Gender & Age (QD7A & QDI)
 - Geographical Region (QD2B)
 - Highest level of education (QD9]
 - Nationality (Q6)
 - Current work situation (QDI0)
 - NET annual household income (QDI3)

Age & Gender (QD7A & QDI)

▶ Of the IOO5 respondents, 53% (526 respondents) are male and 48% (479 respondents) are female. This male: female ratio is representative of Malta's gender distribution across Malta and Gozo. The 7 age-cohort sample quotas also represent Malta's age distribution across Malta and Gozo.

	Counts Break %	Total				Age			
ı	Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	
	Gender	1005	22	173	228	182	140	145	115
	Male	526 (52.3%)	12 (54.5%)	96 (55.5%)	122 (53.5%)	97 (53.3%)	72 (51.4%)	72 (49.7%)	55 (47.8%)
	Female	479 (47.7%)	10 (45.5%)	77 (44.5%)	106 (46.5%)	85 (46.7%)	68 (48.6%)	73 (50.3%)	60 (52.2%)

Table 4.I - QD7A & QDI - Age & Gender

Geographical Region (Hometown) - (QD2B)

The Maltese residents participating in this study hail from all of Malta's 6 official geographical regions (NSO, 2023). A good geographical region spread was achieved, representative across Malta and Gozo.

Counts Break %				Geographi	ical Region		
Respondents	Total		Northern Harbour		Western		Gozo
Gender	1005	156	318	148	122	181	80
Male	526 (52.3%)	75 (48.1%)	170 (53.5%)	80 (54.1%)	64 (52.5%)	94 (51.9%)	43 (53.8%)
Female	479 (47.7%)	81 (51.9%)	148 (46.5%)	68 (45.9%)	58 (47.5%)	87 (48.1%)	37 (46.3%)

Table 4.2 – QD2B & QDI – Geographical Region & Gender

Highest level of education – (QD9)

▶ I in 3 (36% - 365 respondents) possess a university/post-graduate level of education and secondary school level of education respectively. Just over I in 5 (23% - 235 respondents) possess a post-secondary level of education.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender		
Respondents	Total		20-29		40-49		60-69		Male	Female	
Level of Education		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479	
Primary School	8 (0.8%)						5 (3.4%)	3 (2.6%)	4 (0.8%)	4 (0.8%)	
Some Secondary School	30 (3.0%)						15 (10.3%)	15 (13.0%)	18 (3.4%)	12 (2.5%)	
Complete Secondary School	367 (36.5%)	5 (22.7%)	39 (22.5%)	72 (31.6%)	47 (25.8%)	57 (40.7%)	68 (46.9%)	79 (68.7%)	183 (34.8%)	184 (38.4%)	
Post-Secondary/ Technical/ Vocational Education		17 (77.3%)	46 (26.6%)	6I (26.8%)	44 (24.2%)	26 (18.6%)	33 (22.8%)	8 (7.0%)	137 (26.0%)	98 (20.5%)	
University-Level Education	226 (22.5%)		66 (38.2%)	56 (24.6%)	45 (24.7%)	35 (25.0%)	15 (10.3%)	9 (7.8%)	107 (20.3%)	II9 (24.8%)	
Post-Graduate Level Education	139 (13.8%)		22 (12.7%)	39 (17.1%)	46 (25.3%)	22 (15.7%)	9 (6.2%)	1 (0.9%)	77 (14.6%)	62 (12.9%)	

Table 4.3 – QD9 – Highest Level of Education – by Age & Gender

Nationality - (Q6)

- ▶ 88% (885 respondents) of the survey respondents are Maltese and the remaining I2% (I20 respondents) are foreigners.
- ▶ I5 foreign nationalities participated in the study, namely, British, German, Italian, Swedish, Irish, Norwegian, Spanish, Bulgarian, Serbian, Romanian, Filipino, Indian, Pakistani, Syrian and Nigerian.
- ▶ All foreign survey respondents have been living in Malta for at least I2 months.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender		
Respondents	Totat	18-19	20-29		40-49		60-69		Male	Female	
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479	
Maltese	885 (88.1%)	22 (100.0%)	148 (85.5%)	169 (74.1%)	164 (90.1%)	136 (97.1%)	134 (92.4%)	II2 (97.4%)	438 (83.3%)	447 (93.3%)	
Foreigner			25 (14.5%)	59 (25.9%)	18 (9.9%)	4 (2.9%)	II (7.6%)	3 (2.6%)	88 (16.7%)	32 (6.7%)	

Table 4.4 - Q6 - Nationality - by Age & Gender

Current work situation – (QDI0)

▶ 61% (615 respondents) are in full-time/part-time employment, 6% (55 respondents) are self-employed, whilst 20% (205 respondents) are retired and 6% (58 respondents) are inactive.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Ger	nder
Respondents	Totat	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69		Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
Employed (full-time/part-time)	615 (61.2%)	2 (9.1%)	121 (69.9%)	202 (88.6%)	156 (85.7%)	104 (74.3%)	23 (15.9%)	7 (6.1%)	333 (63.3%)	282 (58.9%)
Retired	205 (20.4%)					2 (1.4%)	102 (70.3%)	101 (87.8%)	106 (20.2%)	99 (20.7%)
Self-employed	55 (5.5%)		13 (7.5%)	19 (8.3%)	13 (7.1%)	5 (3.6%)	4 (2.8%)	I (0.9%)	41 (7.8%)	14 (2.9%)
Student		20 (90.9%)	34 (19.7%)						30 (5.7%)	24 (5.0%)
Looking after the home	33 (3.3%)		I (0.6%)	3 (1.3%)	4 (2.2%)	18 (12.9%)	3 (2.1%)	4 (3.5%)	I (0.2%)	32 (6.7%)
Unemployed (looking for work)			4 (2.3%)	3 (1.3%)	3 (1.6%)	3 (2.1%)	5 (3.4%)		9 (1.7%)	9 (1.9%)
Not working and not looking for work	I7 (I.7%)			I (0.4%)	2 (1.1%)	5 (3.6%)	7 (4.8%)	2 (1.7%)	3 (0.6%)	14 (2.9%)
Unable to work due to sickness or ill- health					4 (2.2%)	3 (2.1%)	1 (0.7%)		3 (0.6%)	5 (1.0%)

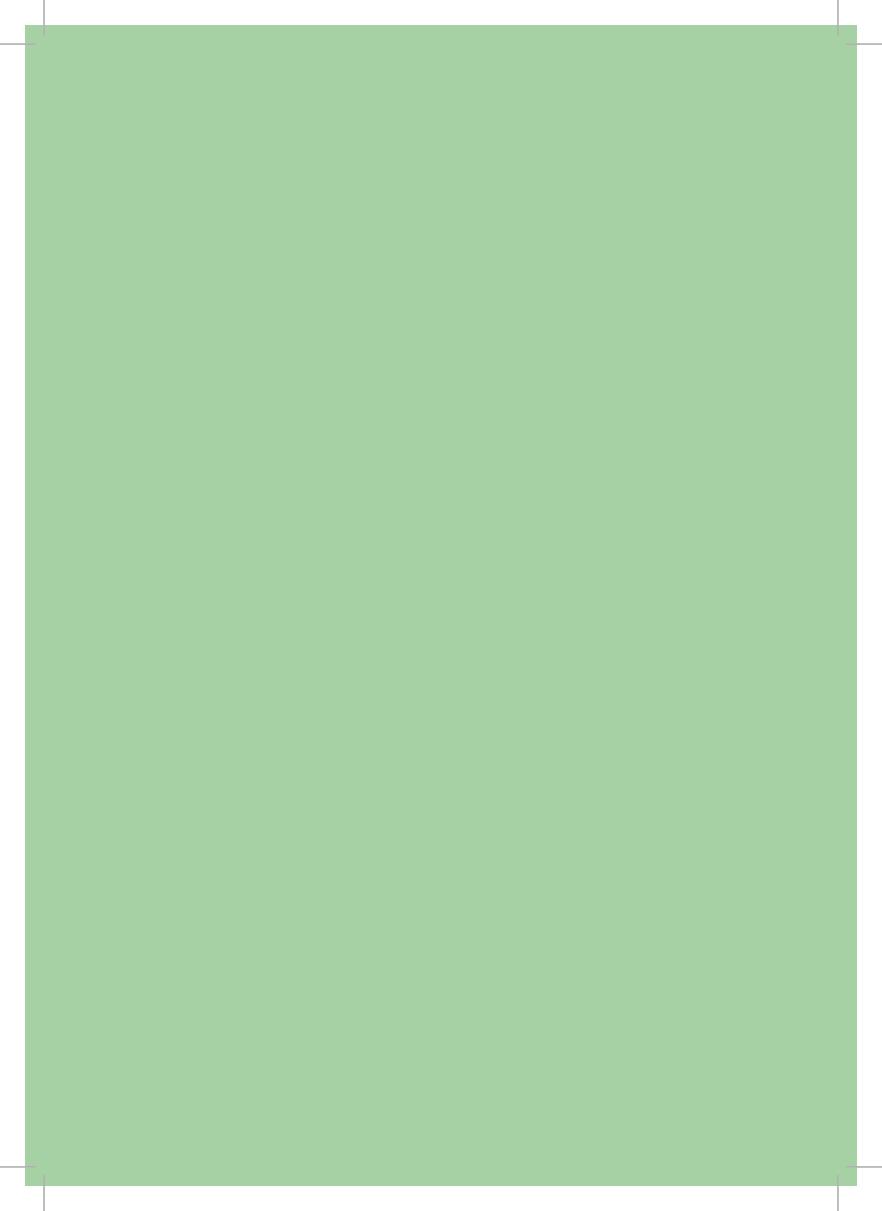
Table 4.5 – QDIO – Employment Status – by Age & Gender

NET annual household income - (QDI3)

▶ 45% of the respondents (454 respondents) indicated that their NET annual household income is between €14,500 - €36,000, whilst 25% have a NET annual household income of €36,000 or more, 15% (146 respondents) of households earn a net annual income of between €10,000 - €14,500. 5% (54 respondents) earn up to €10,000 per annum.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Ger	nder
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
Up to €10,000 per year	54 (5.4%)	3 (13.6%)	8 (4.6%)	7 (3.1%)	4 (2.2%)	6 (4.3%)	15 (10.3%)	II (9.6%)	24 (4.6%)	30 (6.3%)
Between €10,000 - €14,500 per year		I (4.5%)	6 (3.5%)	19 (8.3%)	19 (10.4%)	14 (10.0%)	48 (33.1%)	39 (33.9%)	70 (13.3%)	76 (15.9%)
€14,500 - €36,000 per year	454 (45.2%)	9 (40.9%)	80 (46.2%)	130 (57.0%)	84 (46.2%)	52 (37.1%)	60 (41.4%)	39 (33.9%)	266 (50.6%)	188 (39.2%)
€36,000 or more per year		5 (22.7%)	59 (34.1%)	59 (25.9%)	58 (31.9%)	50 (35.7%)	14 (9.7%)	8 (7.0%)	150 (28.5%)	103 (21.5%)
Don't know/ refused	98 (9.8%)	4 (18.2%)	20 (II.6%)	13 (5.7%)	17 (9.3%)	18 (12.9%)	8 (5.5%)	18 (15.7%)	16 (3.0%)	82 (17.1%)

Table 4.6 – QDI3 – NET annual household income – by Age & Gender





5. RESEARCH FINDINGS

- This Section presents a detailed analysis of the survey research findings, presented as depicted below, adopting the research area sequence as featured in the survey research instrument:
 - **5.1** Planning & Managing Finances
 - **5.2** Active saving & financial shocks
 - **5.3** Financial Goals
 - **5.4** Retirement Plans
 - **5.5** Making Ends Meet
 - **5.6** Choosing & Using Financial Products & Services
 - **5.7** Financial Attitudes & Behaviour
 - **5.8** Financial Knowledge
 - **5.9** Awareness & Knowledge on "GEMMA"
- ▶ Where relevant, the 2023 survey findings of each research area will be compared with the findings of the Malta 2018 survey, where the same OECD/INFE questionnaire was adopted.
- The research findings of EACH research question comprised in the survey research instrument will be presented by a statistical table (depicting the findings in absolute figures and percentages), presented by:
 - Findings by Age & Gender
- ▶ Where relevant, the research findings will also be presented by:
 - Findings by Level of Education
 - Findings by NET Annual Household Income.

5.1 PLANNING AND MANAGING FINANCES

This Section focuses on assessing how Maltese residents behave in financially literate ways, such as making day-to-day decisions on own money, own household, budgeting, etc.

5.1.1 Making day-to-day decisions about own money and about money in household - (QFIA - QFI)

Day-to-day decisions about own money (QFIA)

▶ Almost all Maltese residents (96% - 966 respondents) indicated that they make day-to-day decisions about their own money. Only 4% (39 respondents) replied in the negative thus indicating that they are not the decision-makers about their own money. Similar findings emerged in the 2018 Malta study.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender		
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female	
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479	
Yes	966 (96.1%)	20 (90.9%)	173 (100.0%)	223 (97.8%)	180 (98.9%)	134 (95.7%)	133 (91.7%)	103 (89.6%)	509 (96.8%)	457 (95.4%)	
No		2 (9.1%)		5 (2.2%)	2 (1.1%)	6 (4.3%)	12 (8.3%)	12 (10.4%)	17 (3.2%)	22 (4.6%)	

Table 5.I.I - QFIA - Making own decisions about own money - by Age & Gender

2018 Study

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender		
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female	
Total		34	177	173	150	186	177	116	494	519	
Yes	964 (95.2%)	29 (85.3%)	166 (93.8%)	166 (96.0%)	148 (98.7%)	178 (95.7%)	172 (97.2%)	105 (90.5%)	474 (96.0%)	490 (94.4%)	
No	45 (4.4%)	4 (II.8%)	II (6.2%)	7 (4.0%)	I (0.7%)	7 (3.8%)	5 (2.8%)	10 (8.6%)	19 (3.8%)	26 (5.0%)	
Refused	4 (0.4%)	I (2.9%)			1 (0.7%)	1 (0.5%)		1 (0.9%)	1 (0.2%)	3 (0.6%)	

Table 5.1.2 – QFIA – Making decisions about own money – by Age & Gender

Day-to-day decisions about money in household (QFI)

▶ Just over I in 2 Maltese residents (55% - 556 respondents) indicated that they consult with someone else to make the day-to-day decisions about money in their household, while 38% (386 respondents) stated that they make these decisions by themselves. The remaining 6% of Maltese residents (63 respondents) are not responsible for the household's money decision; these are largely the younger age cohorts (I8-I9 years; 20-29 years).

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender		
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female	
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479	
You make these decisions with someone else	556 (55.3%)	5 (22.7%)	73 (42.2%)	121 (53.1%)	II8 (64.8%)	93 (66.4%)	86 (59.3%)	60 (52.2%)	307 (58.4%)	249 (52.0%)	
You make these decisions by yourself	386 (38.4%)	II (50.0%)	57 (32.9%)	98 (43.0%)	61 (33.5%)	47 (33.6%)	57 (39.3%)	55 (47.8%)	208 (39.5%)	178 (37.2%)	
Someone else makes these decisions	63 (6.3%)	6 (27.3%)	43 (24.9%)	9 (3.9%)	3 (1.6%)		2 (1.4%)		II (2.I%)	52 (10.9%)	

Table 5.I.3 – QFI – Maltese resident responsible for making day-to-day decisions about own money in household – by Age & Gender

5.1.2 Initiatives taken by Maltese residents for keeping track of their own/household finances - [QF2]

- ▶ 2 in 3 Maltese residents (59% 595 respondents) keep a note of spending as their main initiative to keep track of their own/household finances.
- A further 45% (450 respondents) prefer to make a plan to manage their income and expenses.
- An interesting finding emerging in this 2023 study is that only I in I0 residents (9% 86 respondents) stated that they do not take any initiatives to keep track of their own/household finances; whilst in the 2018 study, I in 3 respondents (29% 292 respondents) had indicated that they do not take any initiatives to keep track of their finances.
- ▶ Moreover, in this 2023 study, almost I in 2 (48% 480 respondents) of Maltese residents use a banking app/money management tool to keep track of their outgoings, whilst in the 2018 study, only I in 3 residents (29% 290 respondents) used same.

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Counts Break %	Total				Age				Ger	nder
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
Keep a note of your spending	595 (59.2%)	I6 (72.7%)	II7 (67.6%)	178 (78.1%)	II3 (62.I%)	63 (45.0%)	68 (46.9%)	40 (34.8%)	349 (66.3%)	246 (51.4%)
Use a banking app or money management tool to keep track of your outgoings		4 (18.2%)	IIO (63.6%)	II5 (50.4%)	99 (54.4%)	56 (40.0%)	49 (33.8%)	47 (40.9%)	248 (47.1%)	232 (48.4%)
Make a plan to manage your income & expenses	450 (44.8%)	4 (18.2%)	82 (47.4%)	99 (43.4%)	71 (39.0%)	68 (48.6%)	76 (52.4%)	50 (43.5%)	191 (36.3%)	259 (54.1%)
Arrange automatic payments (e.g. standing orders) for regular outgoings		3 (13.6%)	36 (20.8%)	41 (18.0%)	41 (22.5%)	49 (35.0%)	50 (34.5%)	33 (28.7%)	87 (16.5%)	166 (34.7%)
Make a note of upcoming bills to make sure you don't miss them	212 (21.1%)	I (4.5%)	28 (16.2%)	36 (15.8%)	29 (15.9%)	43 (30.7%)	40 (27.6%)	35 (30.4%)	75 (14.3%)	137 (28.6%)
Keep money for bills separate from day-to-day spending money		2 (9.1%)	34 (19.7%)	45 (19.7%)	33 (18.1%)	34 (24.3%)	29 (20.0%)	34 (29.6%)	70 (13.3%)	141 (29.4%)
I don't do any of the above	86 (8.6%)	4 (18.2%)	6 (3.5%)	4 (1.8%)	16 (8.8%)	14 (10.0%)	21 (14.5%)	21 (18.3%)	35 (6.7%)	51 (10.6%)

Table 5.1.4 – QF2 – Initiatives taken for keeping track of own/household finances – by Age & Gender (Multiple Response Q)

2018 Study

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Ger	nder
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		34	177	173	150	186	177	116	494	519
Keep a note of my spending	463 (45.7%)	14 (41.2%)	96 (54.2%)	79 (45.7%)	70 (46.7%)	85 (45.7%)	74 (41.8%)	45 (38.8%)	210 (42.5%)	253 (48.7%)
Make a plan to manage my income and expenses	388 (38.3%)	8 (23.5%)	79 (44.6%)	94 (54.3%)	87 (58.0%)	66 (35.5%)	30 (16.9%)	24 (20.7%)	183 (37.0%)	205 (39.5%)
Make a note of upcoming bills to make sure I don't miss them	307 (30.3%)	3 (8.8%)	40 (22.6%)	42 (24.3%)	59 (39.3%)	61 (32.8%)	64 (36.2%)	38 (32.8%)	136 (27.5%)	171 (32.9%)
l don't take any of these initiatives		II (32.4%)	31 (17.5%)	30 (17.3%)	23 (15.3%)	54 (29.0%)	86 (48.6%)	57 (49.1%)	159 (32.2%)	133 (25.6%)
Use a banking app or money management tool to keep track of my outgoings	290 (28.6%)	12 (35.3%)	89 (50.3%)	73 (42.2%)	53 (35.3%)	40 (21.5%)	17 (9.6%)	6 (5.2%)	146 (29.6%)	144 (27.7%)
Arrange automatic payments for regular outgoings		5 (14.7%)	50 (28.2%)	82 (47.4%)	65 (43.3%)	54 (29.0%)	7 (4.0%)	7 (6.0%)	131 (26.5%)	139 (26.8%)
Keep money for bills separate from day-to-day spending money	201 (19.8%)	4 (II.8%)	50 (28.2%)	58 (33.5%)	39 (26.0%)	29 (15.6%)	12 (6.8%)	9 (7.8%)	94 (19.0%)	107 (20.6%)
Refused		I (2.9%)	2 (1.1%)						2 (0.4%)	I (0.2%)

 $\label{thm:condition} \begin{tabular}{l} Table 5.1.5-QF2-Initiatives taken by Maltese residents for keeping track of their own/household finances - by Age \& Gender (Multiple Response Q) \\ \end{tabular}$

5.2 ACTIVE SAVING AND FINANCIAL SHOCKS

This Section focuses on 'Active Saving and Financial Shocks'. The survey respondents were asked on their ways of saving money and on whether they are prepared to face financial shocks, should these arise.

The OECD/INFE questionnaire addresses 'active saving' as one of the behaviours that can promote financial well-being. People who build savings are also likely to be more resilient to financial shocks and better able to meet financial goals. The indicator of active saving (in QF3 below) used in the questionnaire hence seeks to identify such recent behaviour. It is based on a question that allows multiple responses and looks back over a I2-month time period in order to identify recent behaviour even when the respondent saves irregularly. This time period is used to take into account intermittent behaviour related to income or expenditure fluctuations such as seasonal work or annual holidays.

5.2.1 The ways Maltese residents have personally been saving money in the last 12 months – (QF3)

- ▶ In the last I2 months, a high 73% (733 respondents) of all Maltese residents have been saving money by paying money into a savings/deposit account, whilst I8% (I80 respondents) have purchased bonds or time (fixed) deposits.
- Presenting this finding against the residents' net annual household income, the residents who were unable to save money in the last I2 months hail from households, whose annual net income is less than €36,000.
- ▶ Moreover, when comparing this I7% of residents who have not been saving money in the last I2 months, with the same 20I8 survey finding, one observes a I0%-point increase on the same 20I8 survey finding, which stood at 7% (69 respondents). One can observe this comparable finding in Tables 5.2.I, 5.2.2 & 5.2.3 below.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Ger	nder
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
Paying money into a savings/ deposit account	733 (72.9%)	13 (59.1%)	145 (83.8%)	165 (72.4%)	128 (70.3%)	105 (75.0%)	103 (71.0%)	74 (64.3%)	411 (78.1%)	322 (67.2%)
Buying bonds or time (fixed) deposits	180 (17.9%)		16 (9.2%)	32 (14.0%)	28 (15.4%)	24 (17.1%)	38 (26.2%)	42 (36.5%)	105 (20.0%)	75 (15.7%)
I have not been saving money in the past I2 months	170 (16.9%)	8 (36.4%)	16 (9.2%)	39 (17.1%)	31 (17.0%)	22 (15.7%)	27 (18.6%)	27 (23.5%)	65 (12.4%)	105 (21.9%)
Saving cash at home or in your wallet	167 (16.6%)	5 (22.7%)	35 (20.2%)	48 (21.1%)	30 (16.5%)	16 (11.4%)	15 (10.3%)	18 (15.7%)	77 (14.6%)	90 (18.8%)
Investing in stocks and shares	141 (14.0%)		II (6.4%)	25 (II.0%)	37 (20.3%)	22 (15.7%)	24 (16.6%)	22 (19.1%)	89 (16.9%)	52 (10.9%)
Saving or investing in some other way other than a pension, e.g. buying property, etc	96 (9.6%)		16 (9.2%)	17 (7.5%)	21 (11.5%)	25 (17.9%)	14 (9.7%)	3 (2.6%)	45 (8.6%)	51 (10.6%)
Investing in crypto-assets (such as bitcoin)	26 (2.6%)		4 (2.3%)	4 (1.8%)	12 (6.6%)	3 (2.1%)	3 (2.1%)		22 (4.2%)	4 (0.8%)
Giving money to your family to save on your behalf	17 (1.7%)	3 (13.6%)	5 (2.9%)	4 (1.8%)	1 (0.5%)	3 (2.1%)		1 (0.9%)	6 (1.1%)	II (2.3%)

Table 5.2.I – QF3 – The ways in which Maltese residents have personally been saving money in the last I2 months – by Age & Gender (Multiple Response Q)

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			Net /	Annual household Inc	come	
Counts Break % Respondents	Total		Between €10,000 - €14,500 per year	€14,500 - €36,000 per year	€36,000 or more per year	
Total		54	146	454	253	98
Paying money into a savings <i>l</i> deposit account	733 (72.9%)	33 (61.1%)	100 (68.5%)	328 (72.2%)	207 (81.8%)	65 (66.3%)
Buying bonds or time (fixed) deposits	180 (17.9%)	10 (18.5%)	23 (15.8%)	61 (13.4%)	75 (29.6%)	II (II.2%)
I have not been saving money in the past I2 months	170 (16.9%)	10 (18.5%)	33 (22.6%)	83 (18.3%)	23 (9.1%)	21 (21.4%)
Saving cash at home or in your wallet		16 (29.6%)	26 (17.8%)	73 (16.1%)	34 (13.4%)	18 (18.4%)
Investing in stocks and shares	141 (14.0%)	7 (13.0%)	14 (9.6%)	54 (II.9%)	60 (23.7%)	6 (6.1%)
Saving or investing in some other way other than a pension, e.g. buying property, etc		2 (3.7%)	3 (2.1%)	35 (7.7%)	50 (19.8%)	6 (6.1%)
Investing in crypto-assets (such as bitcoin)	26 (2.6%)	2 (3.7%)	I (0.7%)	7 (1.5%)	15 (5.9%)	I (I.O%)
Giving money to your family to save on your behalf		3 (5.6%)	I (0.7%)	6 (I.3%)	3 (1.2%)	4 (4.1%)

Table 5.2.2 – QF3 – The ways in which Maltese residents have personally been saving money in the last I2 month – by Net Annual Household Income (Multiple Response Q)

2018 Study

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender		
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29		40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female	
Total		34	177	173	150	186	177	116	494	519	
Paying money into a savings/ deposit account	854 (84.3%)	23 (67.6%)	137 (77.4%)	142 (82.1%)	125 (83.3%)	154 (82.8%)	165 (93.2%)	108 (93.1%)	423 (85.6%)	431 (83.0%)	
Investing in stocks and shares		2 (5.9%)	21 (11.9%)	27 (15.6%)	26 (17.3%)	47 (25.3%)	69 (39.0%)	46 (39.7%)	128 (25.9%)	110 (21.2%)	
Buying bonds or time (fixed) deposits	210 (20.7%)	4 (II.8%)	20 (II.3%)	14 (8.1%)	23 (15.3%)	44 (23.7%)	63 (35.6%)	42 (36.2%)	II6 (23.5%)	94 (18.1%)	
Saving cash at home or in your wallet		16 (47.1%)	54 (30.5%)	20 (II.6%)	14 (9.3%)	24 (12.9%)	4 (2.3%)	8 (6.9%)	64 (13.0%)	76 (14.6%)	
Saving or investing in some other way other than a pension, e.g. buying property, etc	III (II.O%)	1 (2.9%)	21 (11.9%)	30 (17.3%)	29 (19.3%)	21 (11.3%)	8 (4.5%)	I (0.9%)	60 (12.1%)	51 (9.8%)	
I have not been saving money in the past I2 months		3 (8.8%)	12 (6.8%)	19 (11.0%)	12 (8.0%)	14 (7.5%)	4 (2.3%)	5 (4.3%)	27 (5.5%)	42 (8.1%)	
Buying cryptocurrencies such as bitcoin or investing in ICOs	23 (2.3%)	1 (2.9%)	10 (5.6%)	6 (3.5%)	3 (2.0%)	2 (1.1%)		1 (0.9%)	17 (3.4%)	6 (1.2%)	
Giving money to your family to save on your behalf		4 (II.8%)	13 (7.3%)	I (0.6%)		I (0.5%)		I (0.9%)	7 (1.4%)	13 (2.5%)	
Refused	7 (0.7%)		3 (1.7%)	I (0.6%)	1 (0.7%)		2 (1.1%)		2 (0.4%)	5 (1.0%)	

Table 5.2.3 – QF3 – The ways in which Maltese residents have personally been saving money in the last I2 months – by Age & Gender (Multiple Response Q)

5.2.2 The ability to face a major expense equivalent to their monthly income without borrowing money – (QF4)

- ▶ The survey respondents were asked whether they are able to face a major expense equivalent to their income without having to borrow money or ask family members for help. 2 in 3 Maltese residents (67% 669 respondents) replied in the affirmative. However, as expected, this finding was considerably lower for the two younger age cohorts, aged I9-29 years.
- However, I in 4 residents (25% 254 respondents) indicated that they would not be able to face such a major expense without having to borrow money or asking family members for help.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender		
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29		40-49		60-69	70-79	Male	Female	
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479	
Yes	669 (66.6%)	2 (9.1%)	94 (54.3%)	139 (61.0%)	134 (73.6%)	90 (64.3%)	II7 (80.7%)	93 (80.9%)	389 (74.0%)	280 (58.5%)	
No		19 (86.4%)	67 (38.7%)	75 (32.9%)	37 (20.3%)	22 (15.7%)	21 (14.5%)	I3 (II.3%)	126 (24.0%)	128 (26.7%)	
Don't Know	49 (4.9%)	I (4.5%)	II (6.4%)	II (4.8%)	7 (3.8%)	10 (7.1%)	4 (2.8%)	5 (4.3%)	10 (1.9%)	39 (8.1%)	
I don't have any personal income			I (0.6%)	3 (1.3%)	4 (2.2%)	I8 (I2.9%)	3 (2.1%)	4 (3.5%)	I (0.2%)	32 (6.7%)	

Table 5.2.4 – QF4 – Maltese residents' ability to face a major expense equivalent to their monthly income without borrowing money or asking family members for help – by Age & Gender

5.3 FINANCIAL GOALS

In this Section, the survey respondents were asked to indicate whether they set themselves specific financial goals and what actions are taken to meet these goals.

5.3.1 Maltese residents setting financial goals - (QF5)

- Almost 2 in 3 residents (60% 603 respondents) set themselves specific financial goals.
- Assessing this finding by way of residents' net annual household income, one observes that the residents with a net annual household income of less than €I4,500, are less likely to set themselves financial goals.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender		
Respondents	Totat	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female	
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479	
Yes	603 (60.0%)	14 (63.6%)	142 (82.1%)	184 (80.7%)	133 (73.1%)	75 (53.6%)	42 (29.0%)	I3 (II.3%)	353 (67.1%)	250 (52.2%)	
No		8 (36.4%)	31 (17.9%)	44 (19.3%)	49 (26.9%)	65 (46.4%)	103 (71.0%)	102 (88.7%)	173 (32.9%)	229 (47.8%)	

Table 5.3.I – QF5 – Maltese residents setting themselves financial goals eg. buying a car – by Age & Gender

			Net /	Annual household Inc	ome	
Counts Break % Respondents	Total		Between €10,000 - €14,500 per year		€36,000 or more per year	
Total		54	146	454	253	98
Yes	603 (60.0%)	21 (38.9%)	51 (34.9%)	293 (64.5%)	197 (77.9%)	41 (41.8%)
No		33 (61.1%)	95 (65.1%)	161 (35.5%)	56 (22.1%)	57 (58.2%)

Table 5.3.2 – QF5 – Respondents having any financial goals eg. buying a car – by Net Annual Household Income

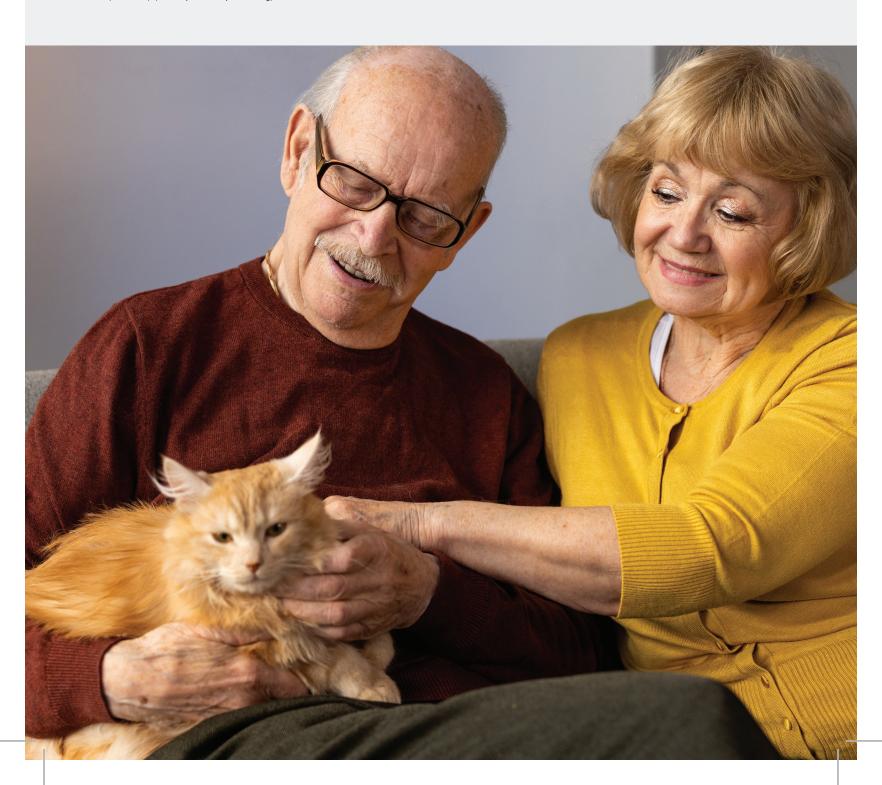
5.3.2 Actions taken to meet their most important financial goal (n=603) - (QF7)

- ▶ The 603 Maltese residents who indicated that they set financial goals, were then asked to indicate the actions taken by them to meet their most important financial goal.
- ≥ 2 in 3 residents (65% 389 respondents) who set themselves financial goals, stated that they mainly reduced their spending to be able to meet their financial goal.
- ▶ Just over I in 2 (54% 326 respondents) prepared a plan of action and a further 46% (278 respondents) saved or invested money to meet their most important financial goal.

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Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender		
Respondents	Totat	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female	
Total		14	142	184	133	75	42	13	353	250	
Reduced spending	393 (65.2%)	13 (92.9%)	100 (70.4%)	136 (73.9%)	74 (55.6%)	43 (57.3%)	22 (52.4%)	5 (38.5%)	230 (65.2%)	163 (65.2%)	
Prepared a plan of action		2 (14.3%)	79 (55.6%)	95 (51.6%)	102 (76.7%)	34 (45.3%)	10 (23.8%)	5 (38.5%)	226 (64.0%)	101 (40.4%)	
Saved or invested money	278 (46.1%)	2 (14.3%)	67 (47.2%)	88 (47.8%)	46 (34.6%)	35 (46.7%)	31 (73.8%)	9 (69.2%)	132 (37.4%)	146 (58.4%)	
Look for new/ different/ additional source of income		12 (85.7%)	38 (26.8%)	55 (29.9%)	28 (21.1%)	18 (24.0%)	10 (23.8%)		71 (20.1%)	90 (36.0%)	
Identified a source of credit (e.g. loan, overdraft, etc)	73 (12.1%)	2 (14.3%)	39 (27.5%)	13 (7.1%)	7 (5.3%)	9 (12.0%)	3 (7.1%)		44 (12.5%)	29 (II.6%)	
Increased your credit card or loan repayments			3 (2.1%)	10 (5.4%)	4 (3.0%)	9 (12.0%)	4 (9.5%)	I (7.7%)	15 (4.2%)	16 (6.4%)	

Table 5.3.3 - QF7 - Actions taken by Maltese residents to meet their most important financial goal – by Age & Gender (n=603) (Multiple Response Q)



5.4 RETIREMENT PLANS

This Section focuses on research areas to assess whether Maltese residents make plans for their retirement and how they intend to/are currently funding their retirement.

5.4.1 Maltese residents' level of confidence with having done a good job of making financial plans for their retirement – [QF8]

- ▶ 38% of Maltese residents are confident/very confident that they are doing/have done a good job of making financial plans for their retirement.
- ▶ Just over I in 4 (28% 283 respondents) are neither confident nor not confident of doing/having done a good job.
- Whilst just over I in 5 (22% 217 respondents) are not confident/not at all confident of doing/having done a good job.
- ▶ 12% (123 respondents) admitted that they do not have a retirement plan. These residents are largely aged younger than 39 years.
- ▶ Significant improvements on this research area were noted when compared with the same 2018 finding. In the 2018 study, a worrying 45% indicated that they did not have a retirement plan, compared to 2023's much lower 12%. Moreover, in 2018, only 24% were confident/very confident of doing/having done a good job of making financial plans for retirement, compared to the 2023's much higher 38%, an increase of 14 percentage-points.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender	
Respondents	Totat	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
Not at all confident	76 (7.6%)	I (4.5%)	7 (4.0%)	15 (6.6%)	15 (8.2%)	I6 (II.4%)	14 (9.7%)	8 (7.0%)	26 (4.9%)	50 (10.4%)
Not confident			20 (II.6%)	28 (12.3%)	24 (13.2%)	30 (21.4%)	18 (12.4%)	21 (18.3%)	67 (12.7%)	74 (15.4%)
Neither confident nor not confident	283 (28.2%)	I (4.5%)	39 (22.5%)	67 (29.4%)	59 (32.4%)	38 (27.1%)	41 (28.3%)	38 (33.0%)	151 (28.7%)	132 (27.6%)
Confident		I (4.5%)	51 (29.5%)	65 (28.5%)	70 (38.5%)	53 (37.9%)	64 (44.1%)	42 (36.5%)	209 (39.7%)	137 (28.6%)
Very confident	36 (3.6%)		3 (1.7%)	5 (2.2%)	II (6.0%)	3 (2.1%)	8 (5.5%)	6 (5.2%)	17 (3.2%)	19 (4.0%)
I do not have a retirement plan	123 (12.2%)	19 (86.4%)	53 (30.6%)	48 (21.1%)	3 (1.6%)				56 (10.6%)	67 (14.0%)

Table 5.4.I - QF8 - Confidence with having done a good job of making financial plans for retirement - by Age & Gender

2018 Study

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender		
Respondents	Totat	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female	
Total		34	177	173	150	186	177	116	494	519	
Not at all confident	59 (5.8%)	3 (8.8%)	21 (11.9%)	14 (8.1%)	9 (6.0%)	6 (3.2%)	4 (2.3%)	2 (1.7%)	18 (3.6%)	41 (7.9%)	
Not confident		3 (8.8%)	13 (7.3%)	19 (11.0%)	7 (4.7%)	9 (4.8%)	I (0.6%)	2 (1.7%)	30 (6.1%)	24 (4.6%)	
l do not have a retirement plan	458 (45.2%)	15 (44.1%)	66 (37.3%)	40 (23.1%)	45 (30.0%)	70 (37.6%)	132 (74.6%)	90 (77.6%)	215 (43.5%)	243 (46.8%)	
Neither confident not not confident		7 (20.6%)	40 (22.6%)	46 (26.6%)	38 (25.3%)	43 (23.1%)	10 (5.6%)	5 (4.3%)	98 (19.8%)	91 (17.5%)	
Confident	202 (19.9%)	3 (8.8%)	30 (16.9%)	41 (23.7%)	42 (28.0%)	50 (26.9%)	23 (13.0%)	I3 (II.2%)	107 (21.7%)	95 (18.3%)	
Very confident		I (2.9%)	4 (2.3%)	12 (6.9%)	9 (6.0%)	8 (4.3%)	5 (2.8%)	2 (1.7%)	21 (4.3%)	20 (3.9%)	
Don't know	10 (1.0%)	2 (5.9%)	3 (1.7%)	I (0.6%)			2 (1.1%)	2 (1.7%)	5 (1.0%)	5 (1.0%)	

Table 5.4.2 – QF8 – Confidence with having done a good job of making financial plans for retirement – by Age & Gender

5.4.2 Funding their retirement - [QF9]

- When asked how they are funding/ will fund/ have funded their retirement, a high 75% of Maltese residents (752 respondents) referred to their government pension/old age benefit, amongst other funding options.
- ▶ 40% (406 respondents) stated that they plan to fund their retirement by withdrawing from their savings, amongst other funding options.
- ▶ I in 3 (33% 328 respondents) prefer to keep on working to fund their retirement, amongst other funding options.
- Worthy of mention is that I in 5 (19% 188 respondents) own a private pension plan.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Ger	nder
Respondents	Totat	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
You have a government pension/ old age benefit	752 (74.8%)		92 (53.2%)	132 (57.9%)	161 (88.5%)	125 (89.3%)	140 (96.6%)	102 (88.7%)	385 (73.2%)	367 (76.6%)
Withdraw from your savings			68 (39.3%)	107 (46.9%)	97 (53.3%)	45 (32.1%)	52 (35.9%)	37 (32.2%)	275 (52.3%)	131 (27.3%)
Continue to work	328 (32.6%)	3 (13.6%)	56 (32.4%)	IIO (48.2%)	101 (55.5%)	34 (24.3%)	18 (12.4%)	6 (5.2%)	232 (44.1%)	96 (20.0%)
Sell your financial assets (eg. government bonds, stocks, etc)			31 (17.9%)	70 (30.7%)	71 (39.0%)	30 (21.4%)	50 (34.5%)	42 (36.5%)	195 (37.1%)	99 (20.7%)
You have a private pension plan	188 (18.7%)		22 (12.7%)	45 (19.7%)	61 (33.5%)	37 (26.4%)	18 (12.4%)	5 (4.3%)	89 (16.9%)	99 (20.7%)
From income generated by your financial or non-financial assets (e.g. dividends, rents from property, etc)			10 (5.8%)	33 (14.5%)	38 (20.9%)	29 (20.7%)	40 (27.6%)	32 (27.8%)	103 (19.6%)	79 (16.5%)
l don't have a financial plan	123 (12.2%)	19 (86.4%)	53 (30.6%)	48 (21.1%)	3 (1.6%)				56 (10.6%)	67 (14.0%)
Rely on your spouse or partner to support you			I (0.6%)	5 (2.2%)	7 (3.8%)	19 (13.6%)	7 (4.8%)	19 (16.5%)	10 (1.9%)	48 (10.0%)
Sell your non-financial assets (eg your car, property, jewellery, etc)	54 (5.4%)			17 (7.5%)	19 (10.4%)	6 (4.3%)	9 (6.2%)	3 (2.6%)	31 (5.9%)	23 (4.8%)
You have an occupational or workplace pension plan benefit			7 (4.0%)	14 (6.1%)	7 (3.8%)	4 (2.9%)			20 (3.8%)	12 (2.5%)
From the revenues of a business you own	25 (2.5%)		7 (4.0%)	5 (2.2%)	6 (3.3%)	2 (1.4%)	2 (1.4%)	3 (2.6%)	20 (3.8%)	5 (1.0%)
Rely on your children or other family members to support you			2 (1.2%)	I (0.4%)		2 (1.4%)	I (0.7%)	3 (2.6%)	4 (0.8%)	5 (1.0%)

Table 5.4.3 – QF9 – Funding their retirement – by Age & Gender (Multiple Response Q)

5.4.3 Perceived Ideal age to begin making a financial plan for one's retirement - (Q3)

- ▶ 40% of Maltese residents (397 respondents) believe that the ideal age to begin making a financial plan for retirement is when one is between 20-29 years old.
- A further I in 3 (299 respondents) believe that the retirement financial plan should start when one is between 30-39 years old.
- ▶ Similar findings on this research area emerged in the 2018 study.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender	
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
18-19	85 (8.5%)		6 (3.5%)	10 (4.4%)	15 (8.2%)	26 (18.6%)	14 (9.7%)	14 (12.2%)	37 (7.0%)	48 (10.0%)
20-29	397 (39.5%)	3 (13.6%)	54 (31.2%)	82 (36.0%)	95 (52.2%)	61 (43.6%)	60 (41.4%)	42 (36.5%)	210 (39.9%)	187 (39.0%)
30-39	299 (29.8%)	9 (40.9%)	51 (29.5%)	85 (37.3%)	49 (26.9%)	23 (16.4%)	47 (32.4%)	35 (30.4%)	161 (30.6%)	138 (28.8%)
40-49	I58 (I5.7%)	9 (40.9%)	49 (28.3%)	41 (18.0%)	13 (7.1%)	12 (8.6%)	15 (10.3%)	19 (16.5%)	93 (17.7%)	65 (13.6%)
50-59	50 (5.0%)	I (4.5%)	9 (5.2%)	8 (3.5%)	7 (3.8%)	II (7.9%)	9 (6.2%)	5 (4.3%)	20 (3.8%)	30 (6.3%)
Don't know	I6 (I.6%)		4 (2.3%)	2 (0.9%)	3 (1.6%)	7 (5.0%)			5 (1.0%)	II (2.3%)

Table 5.4.4 – Q3 – Perceived ideal age to begin making a financial plan for one's retirement – by Age & Gender

5.5 MAKING ENDS MEET

This Section assesses Maltese residents' ability to make ends meet. Survey respondents were asked whether they have ever experienced situations in the last I2 months, where their income did not quite cover their living costs (QFII). Those who experienced such situations, were then asked what strategies they used to meet these shortfalls (QFI2) and how long they could continue to cover their living expenses, should they lose their main source of income today (QFI3).

5.5.1 Experienced situations in the last 12 months where income did not cover living expenses - (QFII)

- I in 2 Maltese residents (49% 496 respondents) recalled that they experienced situations in the last 12 months in which their income did not quite cover their living experiences. Table 5.5.2 below illustrates that this finding emerged largely amongst households earning a net annual income of less than €36,000.
- Moreover, this 2023 finding compares negatively with the 2018 finding, where only I in 3 residents (33%) experienced situations in which their income did not quite cover their living expenses in the previous I2 months.

Counts Break %	Total				Gender					
Respondents	Totat	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
Yes	496 (49.4%)	17 (77.3%)	IIO (63.6%)	139 (61.0%)	85 (46.7%)	59 (42.1%)	54 (37.2%)	32 (27.8%)	276 (52.5%)	220 (45.9%)
No		5 (22.7%)	62 (35.8%)	86 (37.7%)	93 (51.1%)	63 (45.0%)	88 (60.7%)	79 (68.7%)	249 (47.3%)	227 (47.4%)
I don't have any personal income	33 (3.3%)		I (0.6%)	3 (1.3%)	4 (2.2%)	I8 (I2.9%)	3 (2.1%)	4 (3.5%)	I (0.2%)	32 (6.7%)

Table 5.5.I - QFII - Situations where one's income did not cover living expenses in last I2 months - by Age & Gender

		Net Annual household Income									
Counts Break % Respondents	Total	Up to €10,000 per year	Between €10,000 - €14,500 per year		€36,000 or more per year	Don't know/ refused					
Total		54	146	454	253	98					
Yes	496 (49.4%)	29 (53.7%)	80 (54.8%)	247 (54.4%)	88 (34.8%)	52 (53.1%)					
No	476 (47.4%)	23 (42.6%)	58 (39.7%)	199 (43.8%)	160 (63.2%)	36 (36.7%)					
I don't have any personal income	33 (3.3%)	2 (3.7%)	8 (5.5%)	8 (I.8%)	5 (2.0%)	10 (10.2%)					

Table 5.5.2 – QFII – Situations where one's income did not cover living expenses in last I2 months – by NET Annual Household Income

2018 Study

Counts Break %	Total		Gender							
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49		60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		34	177	173	150	186	177	116	494	519
Yes	647 (63.9%)	II (32.4%)	86 (48.6%)	109 (63.0%)	107 (71.3%)	131 (70.4%)	127 (71.8%)	76 (65.5%)	335 (67.8%)	312 (60.1%)
No		13 (38.2%)	74 (41.8%)	63 (36.4%)	40 (26.7%)	53 (28.5%)	47 (26.6%)	40 (34.5%)	144 (29.1%)	186 (35.8%)
I don't have any personal income	19 (1.9%)	5 (14.7%)	9 (5.1%)		2 (1.3%)	2 (1.1%)	I (0.6%)		8 (1.6%)	II (2.I%)
Don't know		5 (14.7%)	8 (4.5%)	I (0.6%)	I (0.7%)		2 (1.1%)		7 (1.4%)	10 (1.9%)

Table 5.5.3 – QFII – Situations where one's income did not cover living expenses in last I2 months – by Age & Gender

5.5.2 The action/s taken to make ends meet - (n=496) - (QFI2)

- ▶ The Maltese residents (I in 2 49%) who encountered situations in which their income did not cover their living expenses in the last I2 months were then asked to indicate the action/s taken by them to make ends meet on the most recent occasion when this happened.
- Do such occasions, 57% of residents (28I respondents) had to withdraw from their savings accounts, amongst taking other actions. Assessing this finding by the residents' net annual household income (depicted in Table 5.5.5 below), only I in 3 residents (3I%) whose annual household income is equal or less than €10,000 withdrew from their savings account.
- Whilst a further 56% (276 respondents) had to cut back on spending, amongst taking other actions.
- Following, I in 3 (33% 163 respondents) had to draw money out of their savings or transfer savings into their current account, amongst taking other actions.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Ger	nder
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		17	110	139	85	59	54	32	276	220
I withdrew from my savings account	281 (56.7%)	II (64.7%)	70 (63.6%)	86 (61.9%)	48 (56.5%)	22 (37.3%)	28 (51.9%)	16 (50.0%)	192 (69.6%)	89 (40.5%)
I cut back on spending, spent less/ did without		15 (88.2%)	58 (52.7%)	69 (49.6%)	47 (55.3%)	38 (64.4%)	29 (53.7%)	20 (62.5%)	125 (45.3%)	151 (68.6%)
I drew money out of my savings or transferred savings into my current account	I63 (32.9%)	5 (29.4%)	39 (35.5%)	28 (20.1%)	20 (23.5%)	30 (50.8%)	24 (44.4%)	17 (53.1%)	61 (22.1%)	102 (46.4%)
I borrowed from my family or friends		3 (17.6%)	28 (25.5%)	36 (25.9%)	13 (15.3%)	4 (6.8%)	4 (7.4%)		61 (22.1%)	27 (12.3%)
I worked overtime/ earned extra money	80 (16.1%)	4 (23.5%)	3I (28.2%)	26 (18.7%)	8 (9.4%)	9 (15.3%)	I (I.9%)	1 (3.1%)	25 (9.1%)	55 (25.0%)
I asked for help from my family or friends		2 (II.8%)	16 (14.5%)	17 (12.2%)	II (I2.9%)	5 (8.5%)	I (I.9%)	1 (3.1%)	30 (10.9%)	23 (10.5%)
I paid my bills late/ missed payments	31 (6.3%)	I (5.9%)	2 (1.8%)	10 (7.2%)	9 (10.6%)	6 (10.2%)	1 (1.9%)	2 (6.3%)	6 (2.2%)	25 (II.4%)
I sold something I owned		I (5.9%)	4 (3.6%)	6 (4.3%)	6 (7.1%)	7 (11.9%)	5 (9.3%)	1 (3.1%)	13 (4.7%)	17 (7.7%)
I used my credit card to obtain cash or to pay bills/ buy food	25 (5.0%)	I (5.9%)	2 (1.8%)	1 (0.7%)	6 (7.1%)	5 (8.5%)	7 (13.0%)	3 (9.4%)	9 (3.3%)	16 (7.3%)
I used an authorised, arranged overdrive or a line of credit			1 (0.9%)	I (0.7%)	4 (4.7%)	I (I.7%)			I (0.4%)	6 (2.7%)
I took out a personal loan from a bank	7 (1.4%)			5 (3.6%)		2 (3.4%)				7 (3.2%)
I borrowed from my emploter/was given salary in advance				I (0.7%)	I (I.2%)	I (I.7%)			I (0.4%)	2 (0.9%)
I used someone els's credit card	3 (0.6%)	1 (5.9%)			I (I.2%)	I (I.7%)			I (0.4%)	2 (0.9%)

Table 5.5.4 – QFI2 – The action/s taken to make ends meet (n=496) – by Age & Gender (Multiple Response Q)

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			Net	Annual household Inc	ome	
Counts Break % Respondents	Total	Up to €10,000 per year	Between €10,000 - €14,500 per year	€14,500 - €36,000 per year	€36,000 or more per year	Don't know/ refused
Total		29	80	247	88	52
I withdrew from my savings account	281 (56.7%)	9 (31.0%)	40 (50.0%)	159 (64.4%)	54 (61.4%)	19 (36.5%)
I cut back on spending, spent less/ did without		17 (58.6%)	46 (57.5%)	134 (54.3%)	49 (55.7%)	30 (57.7%)
I drew money out of my savings or transferred savings into my current account	163 (32.9%)	12 (41.4%)	32 (40.0%)	66 (26.7%)	32 (36.4%)	21 (40.4%)
I borrowed from my family or friends		8 (27.6%)	10 (12.5%)	50 (20.2%)	14 (15.9%)	6 (II.5%)
I worked overtime/ earned extra money	80 (16.1%)	3 (10.3%)	9 (II.3%)	42 (17.0%)	15 (17.0%)	II (2I.2%)
l asked for help from my family or friends	53 (10.7%)	5 (17.2%)	12 (15.0%)	25 (10.1%)	7 (8.0%)	4 (7.7%)
I paid my bills late/ missed payments	31 (6.3%)	2 (6.9%)	4 (5.0%)	15 (6.1%)	5 (5.7%)	5 (9.6%)
I sold something I owned		3 (10.3%)	6 (7.5%)	II (4.5%)	4 (4.5%)	6 (II.5%)
I used my credit card to obtain cash or to pay bills/ buy food	25 (5.0%)	3 (10.3%)	4 (5.0%)	9 (3.6%)	3 (3.4%)	6 (II.5%)
I used an authorised, arranged overdraft or a line of credit				3 (1.2%)	3 (3.4%)	I (I.9%)
I took out a personal loan from a bank	7 (1.4%)	I (3.4%)	I (I.3%)	2 (0.8%)	I (I.I%)	2 (3.8%)
l borrowed from my employer given salary in advance				2 (0.8%)	1 (1.1%)	
I used someone else's credit card	3 (0.6%)	2 (6.9%)			I (I.I%)	

Table 5.5.5 – QFI2 – Action/s taken to make ends meet (n=496) – by NET Annual Household Income (Multiple Response Q)

5.5.3 If main source of income is lost, how long may one cover living expenses without borrowing money – (QFI3)

- When asked how long they would be able to cover their living expenses without borrowing money or moving house, if they lose their main source of income today, only I in 3 residents (3I% 3I3 respondents) believe they would be able to do this for six months or more. Assessing this finding by the households' net annual net income, only an average of I in 4 residents (26%) earning less than €36,000 per annum can cover their living expenses for six months or more, whilst I in 2 residents (5I%), whose household's net income is €36,000+, are able to do this for six months or more.
- A further I in 4 (25% 254 respondents) (all income brackets) believe they would be able to keep on covering their living expenses for at least three months but not more than six months.
- Following, I in 5 (20% 20I respondents) (all income brackets) believe they would be able to keep on covering their living expenses for at least one month, but not more than three months.

Counts Break %	Total	Age							Gender	
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
Six months or more	313 (31.1%)		34 (19.7%)	37 (16.2%)	59 (32.4%)	50 (35.7%)	79 (54.5%)	54 (47.0%)	168 (31.9%)	145 (30.3%)
At least three months, but not six months		I (4.5%)	56 (32.4%)	76 (33.3%)	62 (34.1%)	28 (20.0%)	I8 (I2.4%)	I3 (II.3%)	159 (30.2%)	95 (19.8%)
At least one month, but not three months	201 (20.0%)	I (4.5%)	49 (28.3%)	80 (35.1%)	31 (17.0%)	20 (14.3%)	13 (9.0%)	7 (6.1%)	119 (22.6%)	82 (17.1%)
Don't know		3 (13.6%)	8 (4.6%)	2 (0.9%)	12 (6.6%)	21 (15.0%)	20 (13.8%)	32 (27.8%)	33 (6.3%)	65 (I3.6%)
At least a week, but not one month	83 (8.3%)	6 (27.3%)	16 (9.2%)	21 (9.2%)	10 (5.5%)	15 (10.7%)	II (7.6%)	4 (3.5%)	31 (5.9%)	52 (10.9%)
Less than a week		II (50.0%)	10 (5.8%)	12 (5.3%)	8 (4.4%)	6 (4.3%)	4 (2.8%)	5 (4.3%)	16 (3.0%)	40 (8.4%)

Table 5.5.6 – QFI3 – If main source of income is lost, how long may one cover living expenses without borrowing money or moving house - by Age & Gender

		Net Annual household Income								
Counts Break % Respondents	Total		Between €10,000 - €14,500 per year		€36,000 or more per year					
Total		54	146	454	253	98				
Six months or more	313 (31.1%)	14 (25.9%)	44 (30.1%)	105 (23.1%)	129 (51.0%)	21 (21.4%)				
At least three months, but not six months		6 (II.I%)	28 (19.2%)	143 (31.5%)	62 (24.5%)	15 (15.3%)				
At least three months, but not three months	201 (20.0%)	9 (16.7%)	27 (18.5%)	II3 (24.9%)	34 (13.4%)	18 (18.4%)				
Don't know	98 (9.8%)	10 (18.5%)	21 (14.4%)	34 (7.5%)	7 (2.8%)	26 (26.5%)				
At least a week, but not one month	83 (8.3%)	10 (18.5%)	I6 (II.0%)	38 (8.4%)	10 (4.0%)	9 (9.2%)				
Less than a week	56 (5.6%)	5 (9.3%)	10 (6.8%)	21 (4.6%)	II (4.3%)	9 (9.2%)				

Table 5.5.7 – QFI3 – If main source of income is lost, how long may one cover living expenses without borrowing money or moving house – by NET Annual Household Income

5.6 CHOOSING AND USING FINANCIAL PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

The Section addresses the choice of and frequency of use of financial products and services by Maltese residents. These were specifically asked on:

- ► Their level of awareness of various types of financial products (QPI)
- ► The financial products they currently hold, personally or jointly (QP2)
- The financial products they chose, personally or jointly, in the last two years (QP3)
- ► Their choice of 'pension fund' (QP5)
- ► Their frequency of use of digital financial services (QP9)

Research Findings in Detail

► A detailed presentation of findings, by age and gender, now follows:

5.6.1 Awareness of various types of financial products - (QPI)

- ► The most mentioned financial products Maltese residents are aware of comprise:
 - Savings Account 95% (954 respondents)
 - Credit Card 92% (920 respondents)
 - Current Account 91% (918 respondents)
 - House Loan 87% (878 respondents)
 - Pension Fund 87% (874 respondents)
- ▶ The least mentioned financial products Maltese residents are aware of comprise:
 - Financial products labelled as green/ESG 23% (226 respondents)
 - Unsecured personal bank loan 35% (347 respondents)
 - Investment Account 39% (39I respondents)
 - Crypto-assets 47% (472 respondent

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Ger	nder
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
A savings account	954 (94.9%)	22 (100.0%)	168 (97.1%)	220 (96.5%)	177 (97.3%)	135 (96.4%)	133 (91.7%)	99 (86.1%)	505 (96.0%)	449 (93.7%)
A credit card	920 (91.5%)	20 (90.9%)	166 (96.0%)	214 (93.9%)	172 (94.5%)	126 (90.0%)	131 (90.3%)	91 (79.1%)	496 (94.3%)	424 (88.5%)
A current account	918 (91.3%)	17 (77.3%)	163 (94.2%)	214 (93.9%)	172 (94.5%)	127 (90.7%)	132 (91.0%)	93 (80.9%)	491 (93.3%)	427 (89.1%)
A house loan		16 (72.7%)	161 (93.1%)	218 (95.6%)	170 (93.4%)	II6 (82.9%)	122 (84.1%)	75 (65.2%)	467 (88.8%)	411 (85.8%)
A pension fund	874 (87.0%)	17 (77.3%)	162 (93.6%)	216 (94.7%)	171 (94.0%)	II7 (83.6%)	116 (80.0%)	75 (65.2%)	479 (91.1%)	395 (82.5%)
Insurance		16 (72.7%)	149 (86.1%)	214 (93.9%)	166 (91.2%)	121 (86.4%)	124 (85.5%)	75 (65.2%)	472 (89.7%)	393 (82.0%)
A car loan	853 (84.9%)	18 (81.8%)	163 (94.2%)	213 (93.4%)	166 (91.2%)	121 (86.4%)	106 (73.1%)	66 (57.4%)	465 (88.4%)	388 (81.0%)
Mobile phone payment account (contract)		19 (86.4%)	157 (90.8%)	205 (89.9%)	160 (87.9%)	II5 (82.I%)	120 (82.8%)	77 (67.0%)	465 (88.4%)	388 (81.0%)
Prepaid mobile phone top-up card	819 (81.5%)	16 (72.7%)	147 (85.0%)	200 (87.7%)	162 (89.0%)	108 (77.1%)	II3 (77.9%)	73 (63.5%)	444 (84.4%)	375 (78.3%)
Stocks & shares		16 (72.7%)	137 (79.2%)	183 (80.3%)	159 (87.4%)	II3 (80.7%)	II2 (77.2%)	85 (73.9%)	430 (81.7%)	375 (78.3%)
Bonds	802 (79.8%)	18 (81.8%)	134 (77.5%)	183 (80.3%)	153 (84.1%)	II3 (80.7%)	II2 (77.2%)	89 (77.4%)	436 (82.9%)	366 (76.4%)
A bank loan secured on property		14 (63.6%)	96 (55.5%)	120 (52.6%)	109 (59.9%)	96 (68.6%)	98 (67.6%)	59 (51.3%)	286 (54.4%)	306 (63.9%)
Crypto-assets (such as bitcoin)	472 (47.0%)	9 (40.9%)	96 (55.5%)	97 (42.5%)	93 (51.1%)	76 (54.3%)	67 (46.2%)	34 (29.6%)	232 (44.1%)	240 (50.1%)
An investment account, such as a unit trust		II (50.0%)	91 (52.6%)	88 (38.6%)	65 (35.7%)	47 (33.6%)	63 (43.4%)	26 (22.6%)	216 (41.1%)	175 (36.5%)
An unsecured personal bank loan	347 (34.5%)	9 (40.9%)	48 (27.7%)	80 (35.1%)	71 (39.0%)	56 (40.0%)	58 (40.0%)	25 (21.7%)	197 (37.5%)	150 (31.3%)
Financial products labelled as 'green' or 'ESG'	226 (22.5%)		35 (20.2%)	66 (28.9%)	61 (33.5%)	28 (20.0%)	22 (I5.2%)	14 (12.2%)	149 (28.3%)	77 (16.1%)

Table 5.6.I – QPI – Awareness of financial products - by Age & Gender (Multiple Response Q)

5.6.2 Financial products held personally or jointly - (QP2)

- ▶ The most commonly held financial products held by Maltese residents comprise:
 - Savings account 93% (930 respondents)
 - Current account 83% (83I respondents)
 - Credit card 69% (688 respondents)
 - Insurance 56% (562 respondents)
 - Contract mobile phone 52% (527 respondents)
- ▶ The least commonly held financial products held by Maltese residents comprise:
 - Unsecured personal bank loan 1% (II respondents)
 - Investment account 2% (20 respondents)
 - Crypto-assets 3% (28 respondents)
 - Financial products labelled as green/ESG 3% (32 respondents)

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Ger	nder
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
A savings account	930 (92.5%)	20 (90.9%)	161 (93.1%)	212 (93.0%)	172 (94.5%)	128 (91.4%)	133 (91.7%)	104 (90.4%)	495 (94.1%)	435 (90.8%)
A current account		17 (77.3%)	147 (85.0%)	176 (77.2%)	158 (86.8%)	107 (76.4%)	131 (90.3%)	95 (82.6%)	465 (88.4%)	366 (76.4%)
A credit card	688 (68.5%)	16 (72.7%)	108 (62.4%)	137 (60.1%)	141 (77.5%)	IIO (78.6%)	99 (68.3%)	77 (67.0%)	386 (73.4%)	302 (63.0%)
Insurance		8 (36.4%)	107 (61.8%)	153 (67.1%)	138 (75.8%)	74 (52.9%)	47 (32.4%)	35 (30.4%)	334 (63.5%)	228 (47.6%)
Mobile phone payment account (contract)	527 (52.4%)	8 (36.4%)	92 (53.2%)	135 (59.2%)	II0 (60.4%)	74 (52.9%)	62 (42.8%)	46 (40.0%)	301 (57.2%)	226 (47.2%)
Bonds			34 (19.7%)	79 (34.6%)	82 (45.1%)	28 (20.0%)	47 (32.4%)	50 (43.5%)	230 (43.7%)	90 (18.8%)
A house loan	306 (30.4%)		56 (32.4%)	III (48.7%)	102 (56.0%)	29 (20.7%)	7 (4.8%)	1 (0.9%)	170 (32.3%)	136 (28.4%)
Prepaid mobile ohone top-up card		4 (18.2%)	42 (24.3%)	76 (33.3%)	49 (26.9%)	45 (32.1%)	50 (34.5%)	37 (32.2%)	159 (30.2%)	144 (30.1%)
Stocks & shares	222 (22.1%)		II (6.4%)	45 (19.7%)	54 (29.7%)	27 (19.3%)	46 (31.7%)	39 (33.9%)	143 (27.2%)	79 (16.5%)
A pension fund			22 (12.7%)	45 (19.7%)	61 (33.5%)	37 (26.4%)	I8 (I2.4%)	5 (4.3%)	89 (16.9%)	99 (20.7%)
A car loan	76 (7.6%)	7 (31.8%)	29 (16.8%)	15 (6.6%)	14 (7.7%)	8 (5.7%)	3 (2.1%)		40 (7.6%)	36 (7.5%)
A bank loan secured on property			13 (7.5%)	15 (6.6%)	II (6.0%)	12 (8.6%)	4 (2.8%)		II (2.I%)	44 (9.2%)
Financial products labelled as 'green' or 'ESG'	32 (3.2%)		I (0.6%)	17 (7.5%)	II (6.0%)	1 (0.7%)	I (0.7%)	1 (0.9%)	28 (5.3%)	4 (0.8%)
Crypto-assets (such as bitcoin)			5 (2.9%)	II (4.8%)	5 (2.7%)	3 (2.1%)	4 (2.8%)		20 (3.8%)	8 (1.7%)
An investment account, such as a unit trust	20 (2.0%)		I (0.6%)		4 (2.2%)	4 (2.9%)	6 (4.1%)	5 (4.3%)	10 (1.9%)	10 (2.1%)
An unsecured personal bank loan		I (4.5%)	2 (1.2%)	2 (0.9%)	2 (1.1%)	4 (2.9%)			5 (1.0%)	6 (1.3%)

Table 5.6.2 – QP2 – Financial products held personally or jointly – by Age & Gender (n=1005) (Multiple Response Q)

5.6.3 Financial products chosen, personally or jointly, in the last two years - [QP3]

- ► I in 2 Maltese residents (52% 519 respondents) have not chosen financial products in the last two years. This was largely indicated by residents aged 40+ years.
- ▶ 15% chose bonds (148 respondents), largely by residents aged 30+ years. II% (107 respondents) chose a savings account and a further 10% (100 respondents) chose an insurance product.
- ▶ Worthy of mention is that these chosen products do not include products renewed automatically from previous years.

Counts Break %	Total	Age								nder
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
I have not chosen any of these products in the last two years	524 (52.1%)	6 (27.3%)	78 (45.1%)	II3 (49.6%)	104 (57.1%)	81 (57.9%)	82 (56.6%)	60 (52.2%)	276 (52.5%)	248 (51.8%)
Bonds			6 (3.5%)	33 (14.5%)	41 (22.5%)	15 (10.7%)	28 (19.3%)	25 (21.7%)	106 (20.2%)	42 (8.8%)
A savings account	109 (10.8%)	6 (27.3%)	17 (9.8%)	15 (6.6%)	II (6.0%)	13 (9.3%)	20 (13.8%)	27 (23.5%)	36 (6.8%)	73 (15.2%)
Insurance		5 (22.7%)	44 (25.4%)	24 (10.5%)	9 (4.9%)	6 (4.3%)	7 (4.8%)	5 (4.3%)	65 (12.4%)	35 (7.3%)
Stocks & shares	91 (9.1%)		4 (2.3%)	16 (7.0%)	20 (II.0%)	II (7.9%)	19 (13.1%)	21 (18.3%)	54 (10.3%)	37 (7.7%)
Mobile phone payment account (contract)		4 (18.2%)	14 (8.1%)	14 (6.1%)	14 (7.7%)	15 (10.7%)	13 (9.0%)	II (9.6%)	29 (5.5%)	56 (II.7%)
A house loan	75 (7.5%)		28 (16.2%)	35 (15.4%)	6 (3.3%)	4 (2.9%)	I (0.7%)	1 (0.9%)	44 (8.4%)	31 (6.5%)
A current account		6 (27.3%)	II (6.4%)	10 (4.4%)	4 (2.2%)	7 (5.0%)	15 (10.3%)	20 (17.4%)	25 (4.8%)	48 (10.0%)
A credit card	68 (6.8%)	4 (18.2%)	7 (4.0%)	12 (5.3%)	8 (4.4%)	6 (4.3%)	14 (9.7%)	17 (14.8%)	25 (4.8%)	43 (9.0%)
A pension fund			15 (8.7%)	12 (5.3%)	10 (5.5%)	13 (9.3%)			23 (4.4%)	27 (5.6%)
Prepaid mobile phone top-up card	41 (4.1%)	2 (9.1%)	7 (4.0%)	4 (1.8%)	2 (1.1%)	6 (4.3%)	10 (6.9%)	10 (8.7%)	16 (3.0%)	25 (5.2%)
A car loan		5 (22.7%)	14 (8.1%)	6 (2.6%)	2 (1.1%)	6 (4.3%)	I (0.7%)	1 (0.9%)	22 (4.2%)	13 (2.7%)
A bank loan secured on property	10 (1.0%)		3 (1.7%)	3 (1.3%)		4 (2.9%)			2 (0.4%)	8 (1.7%)
Crypto-assets (such as bitcoin)	6 (0.6%)		I (0.6%)	I (0.4%)	I (0.5%)	1 (0.7%)	2 (1.4%)		2 (0.4%)	4 (0.8%)
An investment account, such as a unit trust	5 (0.5%)		I (0.6%)				1 (0.7%)	3 (2.6%)	2 (0.4%)	3 (0.6%)
An unsecured personal bank loan		I (4.5%)		2 (0.9%)	I (0.5%)			1 (0.9%)		5 (1.0%)
Financial products labelled as 'green' or 'ESG'	5 (0.5%)		I (0.6%)	2 (0.9%)	I (0.5%)		1 (0.7%)		3 (0.6%)	2 (0.4%)

Table 5.6.3 – QP3 – Financial products chosen, personally or jointly, in the LAST TWO YEARS – by Age & Gender (Multiple Response Q)

5.6.4 Considerations made when choosing a pension fund (n=196) - (QP5)

- In Table 5.6.2 above, we observed that I9% (I88 respondents) of Maltese residents own a pension fund. When asked what considerations were made before choosing their pension fund, these pension fund holders indicated the following:
 - 52% (98 respondents) of pension fund owners considered several options from different companies.
 - 38% (72 respondents) considered various options from one company.
 - 8% (15 respondents) were offered a work pension fund benefit by their employer

Counts Break %	Total			A	ge			Gender		
Respondents	Totat	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female	
Total		22	45	61	37	18	5	89	99	
I considered several options from different companies before making my decision	98 (52.1%)	10 (45.5%)	21 (46.7%)	35 (57.4%)	20 (54.1%)	9 (50.0%)	3 (60.0%)	49 (55.1%)	49 (49.5%)	
I considered the various options from one company		9 (40.9%)	15 (33.3%)	23 (37.7%)	15 (40.5%)	8 (44.4%)	2 (40.0%)	30 (33.7%)	42 (42.4%)	
Work pension fund benefit offered by Employer	15 (8.0%)	3 (13.6%)	7 (15.6%)	3 (4.9%)	2 (5.4%)			9 (10.1%)	6 (6.1%)	
I didn't consider any other options at all	3 (1.6%)		2 (4.4%)			I (5.6%)		1 (1.1%)	2 (2.0%)	

Table 5.6.4 – QP5 – Considerations made when choosing a pension fund – by Age & Gender (n=188)

5.6.5 Frequency of use of digital financial services

Access to Internet (QDI4)

98% (983 respondents) of Maltese residents have access to internet (at home, at office, etc).

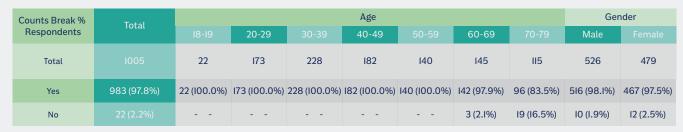


Table 5.6.5 - QDI4 - Access to Internet (at home, at office, etc) - by Age & Gender

Frequency of checking own bank account's balance & transactions online (n=983) - (QP9_I)

▶ 84% of internet users (822 respondents) indicated that they checked their own bank account's balance and transactions online often/very often in the last I2 months. I3% (I23 respondents) did this sometimes; only 4% of internet users (38 respondents) never did this in the last I2 months.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender	
Respondents	Total		20-29	30-39	40-49		60-69		Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	142	96	516	467
Never	38 (3.9%)			10 (4.4%)	3 (1.6%)	2 (1.4%)	15 (10.6%)	8 (8.3%)	19 (3.7%)	19 (4.1%)
Sometimes		3 (13.6%)	5 (2.9%)	32 (14.0%)	20 (II.0%)	24 (17.1%)	18 (12.7%)	21 (21.9%)	61 (11.8%)	62 (13.3%)
Often	160 (6.3%)	4 (18.2%)	18 (10.4%)	40 (17.5%)	23 (12.6%)	26 (18.6%)	33 (23.2%)	16 (16.7%)	86 (16.7%)	74 (15.8%)
Very often		15 (68.2%)	150 (86.7%)	146 (64.0%)	136 (74.7%)	88 (62.9%)	76 (53.5%)	51 (53.1%)	350 (67.8%)	312 (66.8%)

Table $5.6.6 - QP9_I - Frequency$ of checking own bank account's balance and transactions online in the last I2 months (n=983) - by Age & Gender

Carrata Dua ala 0/				Level of E	ducation		
Counts Break % Respondents	Total		Some secondary school		Post-Secondary		Post-Graduate Level
Total		6	25	356	233	224	139
Never	38 (3.9%)		5 (20.0%)	28 (7.9%)	3 (1.3%)	I(0.4%)	1 (0.7%)
Sometimes		2 (33.3%)	6 (24.0%)	75 (21.1%)	21 (9.0%)	14 (6.3%)	5 (3.6%)
Often	160 (16.3%)	2 (33.3%)	4 (16.0%)	64 (18.0%)	27 (II.6%)	46 (20.5%)	17 (12.2%)
Very often		2 (33.3%)	10 (40.0%)	189 (53.1%)	182 (78.1%)	163 (72.8%)	II6 (83.5%)

Table 5.6.7 – QP9_I – Frequency of checking own bank account's balance and transactions online in the last I2 months (n=983) – by Level of Education

Frequency of checking own bank account's balance & transactions online (n=983) - (QP9_3)

▶ 74% of internet users (728 respondents) indicated that they paid bills online often/very often in the last I2 months. I5% (I45 respondents) did this sometimes, whilst II% indicated that they never paid bills online in the last I2 months.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender		
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female	
Total		22	173	228	182	140	142	96	516	467	
Never	IIO (II.2%)	6 (27.3%)	21 (12.1%)	21 (9.2%)	5 (2.7%)	14 (10.0%)	27 (19.0%)	16 (16.7%)	42 (8.1%)	68 (I4.6%)	
Sometimes	I45 (I4.8%)	3 (13.6%)	18 (10.4%)	37 (16.2%)	25 (13.7%)	22 (15.7%)	22 (15.5%)	18 (18.8%)	67 (13.0%)	78 (16.7%)	
Often	I48 (I5.I%)	2 (9.1%)	22 (12.7%)	32 (14.0%)	24 (13.2%)	26 (18.6%)	25 (17.6%)	17 (17.7%)	81 (15.7%)	67 (14.3%)	
Very often		II (50.0%)	II2 (64.7%)	138 (60.5%)	128 (70.3%)	78 (55.7%)	68 (47.9%)	45 (46.9%)	326 (63.2%)	254 (54.4%)	

Table 5.6.8 - QP9_3 - Frequency of paying bills online in the last I2 months (n=983) - by Age & Gender

County Duralis 0/				Level of E	ducation		
Counts Break % Respondents	Total		Some secondary school	Complete secondary school	Post-Secondary		Post-Graduate Level
Total		6	25	356	233	224	139
Never	IIO (II.2%)	2 (33.3%)	6 (24.0%)	64 (18.0%)	19 (8.2%)	15 (6.7%)	4 (2.9%)
Sometimes	145 (14.8%)		7 (28.0%)	65 (18.3%)	31 (13.3%)	28 (12.5%)	14 (10.1%)
Often	148 (15.1%)	2 (33.3%)	2 (8.0%)	58 (16.3%)	24 (10.3%)	44 (19.6%)	18 (12.9%)
Very often		2 (33.3%)	10 (40.0%)	169 (47.5%)	159 (68.2%)	137 (61.2%)	103 (74.1%)

Table 5.6.9 – QP9_3 – Frequency of paying bills online in the last I2 months (n=983) – by Level of Education

Frequency of checking own bank account's balance & transactions online (n=983) - (QP9_I)

▶ 58% of internet users (570 respondents) purchased products & services online often/very often in the last I2 months. 28% (272 respondents) did this sometimes, whilst I4% (I4I respondents) never purchase products & services online in the last I2 months.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender		
Respondents	Totat	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female	
Total		22	173	228	182	140	142	96	516	467	
Never	141 (14.3%)		9 (5.2%)	31 (13.6%)	13 (7.1%)	13 (9.3%)	40 (28.2%)	35 (36.5%)	72 (14.0%)	69 (14.8%)	
Sometimes	272 (27.7%)	7 (31.8%)	25 (14.5%)	58 (25.4%)	40 (22.0%)	64 (45.7%)	45 (31.7%)	33 (34.4%)	135 (26.2%)	137 (29.3%)	
Often	163 (16.6%)	3 (13.6%)	29 (16.8%)	37 (16.2%)	31 (17.0%)	24 (17.1%)	24 (16.9%)	15 (15.6%)	81 (15.7%)	82 (17.6%)	
Very often		12 (54.5%)	IIO (63.6%)	102 (44.7%)	98 (53.8%)	39 (27.9%)	33 (23.2%)	I3 (I3.5%)	228 (44.2%)	179 (38.3%)	

Table 5.6.IO – QP9_4 – Frequency of purchasing products & services online in the last I2 months (n=983) – by Age & Gender

Counts Duo sla 0/				Level of E	ducation		
Counts Break % Respondents	Total	Primary school	Some secondary school	Complete secondary school	Post-Secondary		Post-Graduate Level
Total		6	25	356	233	224	139
Never	141 (14.3%)	3 (50.0%)	12 (48.0%)	86 (24.2%)	23 (9.9%)	15 (6.7%)	2 (1.4%)
Sometimes	272 (27.7%)	2 (33.3%)	6 (24.0%)	124 (34.8%)	62 (26.6%)	51 (22.8%)	27 (19.4%)
Often	l63 (l6.6%)	I (I6.7%)	3 (12.0%)	49 (13.8%)	37 (15.9%)	41 (18.3%)	32 (23.0%)
Very often	407 (41.4%)		4 (16.0%)	97 (27.2%)	III (47.6%)	II7 (52.2%)	78 (56.1%)

Table 5.6.II - QP9_4 - Frequency of purchasing products & services online in the last I2 months (n=983) - by Level of Education

Frequency of transferring money to third parties online in the last 12 months (n=983) - (QP9_5)

▶ 67% of internet users (658 respondents) transferred money to third parties often/very often in the last I2 months. 2I% (205 respondents) did this sometimes, whilst I2% (I20 respondents) never transferred money to third parties online in the last I2 months.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender	
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49		60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	142	96	516	467
Never	120 (12.2%)	3 (13.6%)	4 (2.3%)	9 (3.9%)	14 (7.7%)	24 (17.1%)	40 (28.2%)	26 (27.1%)	51 (9.9%)	69 (14.8%)
Sometimes		I (4.5%)	18 (10.4%)	43 (18.9%)	34 (18.7%)	41 (29.3%)	32 (22.5%)	36 (37.5%)	93 (18.0%)	II2 (24.0%)
Often	168 (17.1%)	4 (18.2%)	17 (9.8%)	48 (21.1%)	27 (14.8%)	32 (22.9%)	27 (19.0%)	13 (13.5%)	94 (18.2%)	74 (15.8%)
Very often		14 (63.6%)	134 (77.5%)	128 (56.1%)	107 (58.8%)	43 (30.7%)	43 (30.3%)	21 (21.9%)	278 (53.9%)	212 (45.4%)

Table 5.6.I2 – QP9_5 – Frequency of transferring money to third parties online in the last I2 months (n=983) – by Age & Gender

County Duralis 0/				Level of E	ducation		
Counts Break % Respondents	Total		Some secondary school	Complete secondary school	Post-Secondary		Post-Graduate Level
Total		6	25	356	233	224	139
Never	120 (12.2%)	I (I6.7%)	14 (56.0%)	74 (20.8%)	18 (7.7%)	8 (3.6%)	5 (3.6%)
Sometimes		3 (50.0%)	5 (20.0%)	99 (27.8%)	36 (15.5%)	46 (20.5%)	16 (II.5%)
Often	168 (17.1%)	I (I6.7%)		58 (16.3%)	40 (17.2%)	43 (19.2%)	26 (18.7%)
Very often		I (I6.7%)	6 (24.0%)	125 (35.1%)	139 (59.7%)	127 (56.7%)	92 (66.2%)

Table 5.6.I3 – QP9_5 – Frequency of transferring money to third parties online in the last I2 months (n=983) – by Level of Education

Frequency of managing financial services online (n=983) - (QP9_6)

▶ 52% of internet users (512 respondents) managed financial products & services (i.e. savings, investments, credit, insurance, etc) online in the last I2 months. I9% (I85 respondents) did this sometimes, whilst 29% (286 respondents) never did this online in the last I2 months.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender	
Respondents	Totat	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	142	96	516	467
Never	286 (29.1%)	3 (13.6%)	24 (13.9%)	46 (20.2%)	46 (25.3%)	55 (39.3%)	61 (43.0%)	51 (53.1%)	106 (20.5%)	180 (38.5%)
Sometimes	185 (18.8%)	6 (27.3%)	24 (13.9%)	40 (17.5%)	30 (16.5%)	33 (23.6%)	28 (19.7%)	24 (25.0%)	93 (18.0%)	92 (19.7%)
Often	128 (13.0%)	4 (18.2%)	15 (8.7%)	37 (16.2%)	18 (9.9%)	21 (15.0%)	24 (16.9%)	9 (9.4%)	66 (12.8%)	62 (13.3%)
Very often		9 (40.9%)	IIO (63.6%)	105 (46.1%)	88 (48.4%)	31 (22.1%)	29 (20.4%)	12 (12.5%)	251 (48.6%)	133 (28.5%)

 $Table \ 5.6.14-QP9_6-Frequency\ of\ managing\ financial\ products\ \&\ services\ (i.e.\ savings,\ investments,\ credit,\ insurance)$ online in the last I2 months (n=983) - by Age & Gender

County Duralis 0/				Level of E	ducation		
Counts Break % Respondents	Total	Primary school	Some secondary school	Complete secondary school	Post-Secondary		Post-Graduate Level
Total		6	25	356	233	224	139
Never	286 (29.1%)	5 (83.3%)	19 (76.0%)	149 (41.9%)	49 (21.0%)	47 (21.0%)	17 (12.2%)
Sometimes	185 (18.8%)	I (I6.7%)	4 (16.0%)	75 (21.1%)	40 (17.2%)	40 (17.9%)	25 (18.0%)
Often	128 (13.0%)			43 (12.1%)	32 (13.7%)	36 (16.1%)	17 (12.2%)
Very often	384 (39.1%)		2 (8.0%)	89 (25.0%)	II2 (48.I%)	101 (45.1%)	80 (57.6%)

Table 5.6.15 – QP9_6 – Frequency of managing financial products & services (i.e. savings, investments, credit, insurance) online in the last I2 months (n=983) – by Level of Education

5.7 FINANCIAL ATTITUDES AND BEHAVIOUR

This Section focuses on assessing Maltese residents' financial attitudes and behaviour. Here, the OECD/INFE survey questionnaire includes a number of statements to gauge the survey respondents' attitudes and behavior towards money and planning for the future. These statements focus on preferences for the short term through 'living for today' and spending money to reaching long-term goals.

Research Findings in Detail

- A detailed presentation of these findings by age, gender and net annual household income now follows:
 - Financial Attitudes (QSI.I-QSI.9)
 - Financial Behaviour (QS2.I-QS2.5)
- Worthy of noting is that these 2023 financial attitudes and behaviour findings presented below proved very similar to the 2018 study findings on same.

5.7.1 Financial Attitudes

Attitude Statement: - I find it more satisfying to spend money than to save it for the long term (QSI.I)

- ▶ Just over I in 2 Maltese residents (54% 539 respondents) disagree/completely disagree with this statement, meaning they do not find it more satisfying to spend money than to save it for the long term.
- ▶ I in 3 (29% 292 respondents) neither agree nor disagree with this statement.
- Whilst only I7% (I74 respondents) agree/completely agree that is more satisfying to spend money than to save it for the long term.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Ger	nder
Respondents	Totat	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
Completely disagree	I63 (I6.2%)	2 (9.1%)	18 (10.4%)	33 (14.5%)	22 (12.1%)	36 (25.7%)	24 (16.6%)	28 (24.3%)	68 (I2.9%)	95 (19.8%)
Disagree		3 (13.6%)	41 (23.7%)	99 (43.4%)	102 (56.0%)	44 (31.4%)	48 (33.1%)	39 (33.9%)	214 (40.7%)	162 (33.8%)
Neither agree nor disagree	292 (29.1%)	3 (13.6%)	64 (37.0%)	66 (28.9%)	40 (22.0%)	47 (33.6%)	44 (30.3%)	28 (24.3%)	156 (29.7%)	136 (28.4%)
Agree		9 (40.9%)	48 (27.7%)	29 (12.7%)	14 (7.7%)	13 (9.3%)	25 (17.2%)	19 (16.5%)	78 (14.8%)	79 (16.5%)
Completely agree	17 (1.7%)	5 (22.7%)	2 (1.2%)	I (0.4%)	4 (2.2%)		4 (2.8%)	I (0.9%)	10 (1.9%)	7 (1.5%)

Table 5.7.I – QSI.I – Level of agreement: 'I find it more satisfying to spend money than to save it for the long term' – by Age & Gender

			Net /	Annual household Inc	ome	
Counts Break % Respondents	Total	Up to €10,000 per year	Between €10,000 - €14,500 per year	€14,500 - €36,000 per year	€36,000 or more per year	Don't know/ refused
Total	1005	54	146	454	253	98
Completely disagree	163 (16.2%)	9 (16.7%)	37 (25.3%)	69 (15.2%)	3I (I2.3%)	17 (17.3%)
Disagree	376 (37.4%)	16 (29.6%)	57 (39.0%)	182 (40.1%)	88 (34.8%)	33 (33.7%)
Neither agree nor disagree	292 (29.1%)	13 (24.1%)	29 (19.9%)	138 (30.4%)	80 (31.6%)	32 (32.7%)
Agree	157 (15.6%)	14 (25.9%)	20 (13.7%)	60 (13.2%)	50 (19.8%)	13 (13.3%)
Completely agree	17 (1.7%)	2 (3.7%)	3 (2.1%)	5 (1.1%)	4 (1.6%)	3 (3.1%)

Table 5.7.2 – QSI.I – Level of agreement: 'I find it more satisfying to spend money than to save it for the long term' – by NET Annual Household Income

Attitude Statement: - Money is there to be spent (QSI.3)

- ▶ 41% of residents (415 respondents) neither agree nor disagree with the statement 'money is there to be spent'.
- Following, I in 3 residents (32% 323 respondents) indicated that they disagree/completely disagree that money is there to be spent.
- Whilst a further 27% (267 respondents) agree/ completely agree with this statement.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Ger	nder
Respondents	Totat	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
Completely disagree	70 (7.0%)	I (4.5%)	6 (3.5%)	15 (6.6%)	II (6.0%)	14 (10.0%)	II (7.6%)	12 (10.4%)	22 (4.2%)	48 (10.0%)
Disagree		2 (9.1%)	25 (14.5%)	63 (27.6%)	60 (33.0%)	34 (24.3%)	37 (25.5%)	32 (27.8%)	149 (28.3%)	104 (21.7%)
Neither agree nor disagree	415 (41.3%)	3 (13.6%)	84 (48.6%)	97 (42.5%)	77 (42.3%)	67 (47.9%)	51 (35.2%)	36 (31.3%)	206 (39.2%)	209 (43.6%)
Agree		II (50.0%)	57 (32.9%)	51 (22.4%)	31 (17.0%)	25 (17.9%)	45 (31.0%)	33 (28.7%)	141 (26.8%)	II2 (23.4%)
Completely agree	14 (1.4%)	5 (22.7%)	I (0.6%)	2 (0.9%)	3 (1.6%)		1 (0.7%)	2 (1.7%)	8 (1.5%)	6 (1.3%)

Table 5.7.3 – QSI.3 – Level of agreement: 'Money is there to be spent' – by Age & Gender

			Net /	Annual household Inc	ome	
Counts Break % Respondents	Total		Between €10,000 - €14,500 per year	€14,500 - €36,000 per year	€36,000 or more per year	Don't know/ refused
Total		54	146	454	253	98
Completely disagree	70 (7.0%)	5 (9.3%)	22 (15.1%)	27 (5.9%)	9 (3.6%)	7 (7.1%)
Disagree		17 (31.5%)	42 (28.8%)	121 (26.7%)	51 (20.2%)	22 (22.4%)
Neither agree nor disagree	415 (41.3%)	18 (33.3%)	46 (31.5%)	202 (44.5%)	103 (40.7%)	46 (46.9%)
Agree	253 (25.2%)	12 (22.2%)	35 (24.0%)	101 (22.2%)	85 (33.6%)	20 (20.4%)
Completely agree	I4 (I.4%)	2 (3.7%)	I (0.7%)	3 (0.7%)	5 (2.0%)	3 (3.1%)

Table 5.7.4 – QSI.3 – Level of agreement: 'Money is there to be spent' – Net Annual Household Income

Attitude Statement: - I am satisfied with my present financial situation (QSI.4)

- ▶ I in 3 residents (36% 363 respondents) believe they are satisfied with their present financial situation.
- On the other hand, a further I in 3 residents (35% 350 respondents) are not satisfied with their financial situation.
- Following, a further 29% (292 respondents) gave a neutral opinion in this regard.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Ger	nder
Respondents	Totat		20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
Completely disagree	II3 (II.2%)	2 (9.1%)	20 (II.6%)	37 (16.2%)	22 (I2.I%)	I8 (I2.9%)	9 (6.2%)	5 (4.3%)	47 (8.9%)	66 (I3.8%)
Disagree		8 (36.4%)	56 (32.4%)	89 (39.0%)	40 (22.0%)	19 (13.6%)	I6 (II.0%)	9 (7.8%)	135 (25.7%)	102 (21.3%)
Neither agree nor disagree	292 (29.1%)	10 (45.5%)	53 (30.6%)	46 (20.2%)	56 (30.8%)	53 (37.9%)	47 (32.4%)	27 (23.5%)	151 (28.7%)	141 (29.4%)
Agree			43 (24.9%)	49 (21.5%)	58 (31.9%)	44 (31.4%)	61 (42.1%)	61 (53.0%)	169 (32.1%)	147 (30.7%)
Completely agree	47 (4.7%)	2 (9.1%)	I (0.6%)	7 (3.1%)	6 (3.3%)	6 (4.3%)	12 (8.3%)	I3 (II.3%)	24 (4.6%)	23 (4.8%)

Table 5.7.5 – QSI.4 – Level of agreement: 'I am satisfied with my present financial situation' – by Age & Gender

			Net /	Annual household Inc	ome	
Counts Break % Respondents	Total		Between €10,000 - €14,500 per year		€36,000 or more per year	Don't know/ refused
Total	1005	54	146	454	253	98
Completely disagree	113 (11.2%)	12 (22.2%)	28 (19.2%)	53 (II.7%)	9 (3.6%)	II (II.2%)
Disagree	237 (23.6%)	14 (25.9%)	22 (I5.I%)	135 (29.7%)	38 (I5.0%)	28 (28.6%)
Neither agree nor disagree	292 (29.1%)	14 (25.9%)	42 (28.8%)	134 (29.5%)	70 (27.7%)	32 (32.7%)
Agree	316 (31.4%)	9 (16.7%)	43 (29.5%)	114 (25.1%)	125 (49.4%)	25 (25.5%)
Completely agree	47 (4.7%)	5 (9.3%)	II (7.5%)	18 (4.0%)	II (4.3%)	2 (2.0%)

Table 5.7.6 – QSI.4 – Level of agreement: 'I am satisfied with my present financial situation' – by NET Annual Household income

Attitude Statement: - I keep a close personal watch on my financial affairs (QSI.5)

- A high 83% of residents (834 respondents) agree/ completely agree that they keep a close personal watch on their financial affairs.
- ▶ 12% (II8 respondents) neither agree nor disagree with this statement.
- Following, 5% (53 respondents) disagreed/completely disagreed with this statement.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gei	nder
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49		60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
Completely disagree	I6 (I.6%)		I (0.6%)	2 (0.9%)	4 (2.2%)	3 (2.1%)	3 (2.1%)	3 (2.6%)	7 (1.3%)	9 (1.9%)
Disagree		6 (27.3%)	3 (1.7%)	6 (2.6%)	6 (3.3%)	8 (5.7%)	4 (2.8%)	4 (3.5%)	15 (2.9%)	22 (4.6%)
Neither agree nor disagree	II8 (II.7%)	7 (31.8%)	16 (9.2%)	16 (7.0%)	21 (11.5%)	24 (17.1%)	I8 (I2.4%)	I6 (I3.9%)	39 (7.4%)	79 (16.5%)
Agree		8 (36.4%)	91 (52.6%)	125 (54.8%)	89 (48.9%)	81 (57.9%)	89 (61.4%)	73 (63.5%)	301 (57.2%)	255 (53.2%)
Completely agree	278 (27.7%)	I (4.5%)	62 (35.8%)	79 (34.6%)	62 (34.1%)	24 (17.1%)	31 (21.4%)	19 (16.5%)	164 (31.2%)	II4 (23.8%)

Table 5.7.7 – QSI.5 – Level of agreement: 'I keep a close personal watch on my financial' affairs – by Age & Gender

			Net /	Annual household Inc	ome	
Counts Break % Respondents	Total		Between €10,000 - €14,500 per year	€14,500 - €36,000 per year	€36,000 or more per year	Don't know/ refused
Total		54	146	454	253	98
Completely disagree	16 (1.6%)	2 (3.7%)	2 (1.4%)	8 (I.8%)	1 (0.4%)	3 (3.1%)
Disagree	37 (3.7%)	2 (3.7%)	I (0.7%)	25 (5.5%)	8 (3.2%)	I (I.O%)
Neither agree nor disagree	II8 (II.7%)	14 (25.9%)	22 (15.1%)	40 (8.8%)	19 (7.5%)	23 (23.5%)
Agree	556 (55.3%)	27 (50.0%)	77 (52.7%)	239 (52.6%)	160 (63.2%)	53 (54.1%)
Completely agree	278 (27.7%)	9 (16.7%)	44 (30.1%)	142 (31.3%)	65 (25.7%)	18 (18.4%)

Table 5.7.8 – QSI.5 – Level of agreement: 'I keep a close personal watch on my financial' affairs – by NET annual household income

Attitude Statement: - My financial situation limits my ability to do the things that are important to me (QSI.6)

- ▶ Just over half of all Maltese residents (53% 534 respondents) agree/completely agree that their financial situation limits their ability to do the things that are important to them.
- Following, I in 4 (25% 248 respondents) disagree/ completely disagree with such statement.
- ▶ Following, I in 5 (22% 223 respondents) indicated that they neither agree nor disagree in this regard.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Ger	nder
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49		60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
Completely disagree	54 (5.4%)	I (4.5%)	3 (1.7%)	4 (1.8%)	6 (3.3%)	12 (8.6%)	I6 (II.0%)	12 (10.4%)	22 (4.2%)	32 (6.7%)
Disagree		4 (18.2%)	36 (20.8%)	21 (9.2%)	31 (17.0%)	36 (25.7%)	35 (24.1%)	31 (27.0%)	81 (15.4%)	II3 (23.6%)
Neither agree nor disagree	223 (22.2%)	4 (18.2%)	36 (20.8%)	43 (18.9%)	27 (14.8%)	43 (30.7%)	43 (29.7%)	27 (23.5%)	94 (17.9%)	129 (26.9%)
Agree		10 (45.5%)	66 (38.2%)	97 (42.5%)	69 (37.9%)	30 (21.4%)	40 (27.6%)	36 (31.3%)	209 (39.7%)	139 (29.0%)
Completely agree	186 (18.5%)	3 (13.6%)	32 (18.5%)	63 (27.6%)	49 (26.9%)	19 (13.6%)	II (7.6%)	9 (7.8%)	120 (22.8%)	66 (I3.8%)

Table 5.7.9 - QSI.6 - Level of agreement: 'My financial situation limits my ability to do the things that are important to me' – by Age & Gender

			Net /	Annual household Inc	ome	
Counts Break % Respondents	Total	Up to €10,000 per year	Between €10,000 - €14,500 per year	€14,500 - €36,000 per year	€36,000 or more per year	Don't know/ refused
Total	1005	54	146	454	253	98
Completely disagree	54 (5.4%)	3 (5.6%)	12 (8.2%)	20 (4.4%)	17 (6.7%)	2 (2.0%)
Disagree	194 (19.3%)	8 (14.8%)	19 (13.0%)	82 (18.1%)	70 (27.7%)	15 (15.3%)
Neither agree nor disagree	223 (22.2%)	12 (22.2%)	36 (24.7%)	83 (18.3%)	63 (24.9%)	29 (29.6%)
Agree	348 (34.6%)	22 (40.7%)	41 (28.1%)	162 (35.7%)	85 (33.6%)	38 (38.8%)
Completely agree	186 (18.5%)	9 (16.7%)	38 (26.0%)	107 (23.6%)	18 (7.1%)	14 (14.3%)

Table 5.7.10 – QSI.6 – Level of agreement: 'My financial situation limits my ability to do the things that are important to me' – by NET Annual Household Income

Attitude Statement: I set long term financial goals and strive to achieve them (QSI.7)

- ▶ 60% of the Maltese residents (603 respondents) agree/completely agree that they set long term financial goals and strive to achieve them.
- ▶ 35% (347 respondents) disagree/completely disagree that they set long term financial goals and strive to achieve them.
- Following, 6% (55 respondents) neither agree nor disagree with this statement.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender	
Respondents	Totat		20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
Completely disagree	49 (4.9%)	2 (9.1%)	3 (1.7%)	7 (3.1%)	3 (1.6%)	8 (5.7%)	I6 (II.0%)	10 (8.7%)	19 (3.6%)	30 (6.3%)
Disagree		3 (13.6%)	28 (16.2%)	31 (13.6%)	34 (18.7%)	46 (32.9%)	79 (54.5%)	77 (67.0%)	130 (24.7%)	168 (35.1%)
Neither agree nor disagree	55 (5.5%)	3 (13.6%)		6 (2.6%)	12 (6.6%)	II (7.9%)	8 (5.5%)	I5 (I3.0%)	15 (2.9%)	40 (8.4%)
Agree	416 (41.4%)	12 (54.5%)	85 (49.1%)	129 (56.6%)	81 (44.5%)	59 (42.1%)	39 (26.9%)	II (9.6%)	238 (45.2%)	178 (37.2%)
Completely agree	187 (18.6%)	2 (9.1%)	57 (32.9%)	55 (24.1%)	52 (28.6%)	I6 (II.4%)	3 (2.1%)	2 (1.7%)	124 (23.6%)	63 (I3.2%)

Table 5.7.II – QSI.7 – Level of agreement: 'I set long term financial goals and strive to achieve them' – by Age & Gender

Attitude Statement: - I have too much debt right now (QSI.9)

- ≥ 2 in 3 Maltese residents (65% 656 respondents) disagree/completely disagree that they have too much debt right now.
- ▶ 18% (184 respondents) neither agree nor disagree with this statement.
- Following, only I6% (I64 respondents) agreed/completely agreed that they have too much debt right now.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender	
Respondents	Totat		20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	227	182	140	145	115	525	479
Completely disagree	398 (39.6%)	7 (31.8%)	52 (30.1%)	41 (18.1%)	46 (25.3%)	67 (47.9%)	97 (66.9%)	88 (76.5%)	174 (33.1%)	224 (46.8%)
Disagree		6 (27.3%)	61 (35.3%)	54 (23.8%)	50 (27.5%)	34 (24.3%)	32 (22.1%)	21 (18.3%)	147 (28.0%)	III (23.2%)
Neither agree nor disagree	184 (18.3%)	6 (27.3%)	34 (19.7%)	65 (28.6%)	41 (22.5%)	28 (20.0%)	8 (5.5%)	2 (1.7%)	104 (19.8%)	80 (16.7%)
Agree		2 (9.1%)	21 (12.1%)	44 (19.4%)	27 (14.8%)	9 (6.4%)	6 (4.1%)	2 (1.7%)	76 (14.5%)	35 (7.3%)
Completely agree	53 (5.3%)	I (4.5%)	5 (2.9%)	23 (10.1%)	18 (9.9%)	2 (1.4%)	2 (1.4%)	2 (1.7%)	24 (4.6%)	29 (6.1%)

Table 5.7.12 - QSI.9 - Level of agreement: 'I have too much debt right now' - by Age & Gender

			Net /	Annual household Inc	ome	
Counts Break % Respondents	Total		Between €10,000 - €14,500 per year	€I4,500 - €36,000 per year	€36,000 or more per year	
Total	1004	54	146	454	252	98
Completely disagree	398 (39.6%)	20 (37.0%)	80 (54.8%)	149 (32.8%)	96 (38.1%)	53 (54.1%)
Disagree	258 (25.7%)	16 (29.6%)	26 (17.8%)	114 (25.1%)	85 (33.7%)	17 (17.3%)
Neither agree nor disagree	184 (18.3%)	12 (22.2%)	15 (10.3%)	94 (20.7%)	43 (17.1%)	20 (20.4%)
Agree	III (II.I%)	2 (3.7%)	10 (6.8%)	75 (16.5%)	19 (7.5%)	5 (5.1%)
Completely agree	53 (5.3%)	4 (7.4%)	15 (10.3%)	22 (4.8%)	9 (3.6%)	3 (3.1%)

Table 5.7.13 – QSI.9 – Level of agreement: 'I have too much debt right now' – by Net Annual Household Income

5.7.2 Financial Behaviour

Behaviour Statement: I tend to worry about paying my normal expenses (QS2.I)

- ▶ I in 3 Maltese residents (35% 355 respondents) indicated that sometimes they often/always worry about paying their normal expenses.
- ▶ A further I in 3 (34% 34I respondents) sometimes worry about paying their normal expenses.
- Following, just under I in 3 (315 309 respondents) stated that they never/rarely worry about paying their normal expenses.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender	
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
Never	123 (12.2%)	3 (13.6%)	10 (5.8%)	7 (3.1%)	13 (7.1%)	15 (10.7%)	37 (25.5%)	38 (33.0%)	59 (II.2%)	64 (13.4%)
Rarely		4 (18.2%)	23 (13.3%)	20 (8.8%)	25 (13.7%)	39 (27.9%)	45 (31.0%)	30 (26.1%)	83 (15.8%)	103 (21.5%)
Sometimes	341 (33.9%)	10 (45.5%)	83 (48.0%)	60 (26.3%)	60 (33.0%)	54 (38.6%)	39 (26.9%)	35 (30.4%)	170 (32.3%)	171 (35.7%)
Often		5 (22.7%)	41 (23.7%)	84 (36.8%)	56 (30.8%)	18 (12.9%)	I6 (II.0%)	7 (6.1%)	151 (28.7%)	76 (15.9%)
Always	128 (12.7%)		16 (9.2%)	57 (25.0%)	28 (15.4%)	14 (10.0%)	8 (5.5%)	5 (4.3%)	63 (12.0%)	65 (I3.6%)

Table 5.7.14 – QS2.1 – Behaviour Statement: I tend to worry about paying my normal expenses – by Age & Gender

			Net	Annual household Inc	ome	
Counts Break % Respondents	Total		Between €10,000 - €14,500 per year	€14,500 - €36,000 per year	€36,000 or more per year	
Total	1005	54	146	454	252	98
Never	123 (12.2%)	9 (16.7%)	24 (16.4%)	46 (10.1%)	28 (II.1%)	16 (16.3%)
Rarely	186 (18.5%)	9 (16.7%)	24 (16.4%)	80 (17.6%)	6I (24.I%)	12 (12.2%)
Sometimes	341 (33.9%)	16 (29.6%)	45 (30.8%)	129 (28.4%)	106 (41.9%)	45 (45.9%)
Often	227 (22.6%)	9 (16.7%)	23 (15.8%)	133 (29.3%)	45 (17.8%)	17 (17.3%)
Always	128 (12.7%)	II (20.4%)	30 (20.5%)	66 (14.5%)	13 (5.1%)	8 (8.2%)

Table 5.7.15 – QS2.1 – Behaviour Statement: I tend to worry about paying my normal expenses – by NET Annual Household Income

Behaviour Statement: My finances control my life (QS2.2)

- ▶ I in 3 Maltese residents (37% 373 respondents) stated that their finances often/always control their life.
- A further 33% (334 respondents) indicated that sometimes their finances control their life.
- ▶ Just under I in 3 (30% 298 respondents) rarely/never experience this situation.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender	
Respondents	Totat	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49		60-69		Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
Never	102 (10.1%)	2 (9.1%)	8 (4.6%)	10 (4.4%)	10 (5.5%)	15 (10.7%)	32 (22.1%)	25 (21.7%)	44 (8.4%)	58 (12.1%)
Rarely	196 (19.5%)	5 (22.7%)	31 (17.9%)	17 (7.5%)	25 (13.7%)	41 (29.3%)	40 (27.6%)	37 (32.2%)	80 (15.2%)	116 (24.2%)
Sometimes	334 (33.2%)	9 (40.9%)	73 (42.2%)	58 (25.4%)	68 (37.4%)	45 (32.1%)	50 (34.5%)	31 (27.0%)	185 (35.2%)	149 (31.1%)
Often	248 (24.7%)	5 (22.7%)	42 (24.3%)	91 (39.9%)	47 (25.8%)	31 (22.1%)	16 (11.0%)	16 (13.9%)	157 (29.8%)	91 (19.0%)
Always	125 (12.4%)	I (4.5%)	19 (11.0%)	52 (22.8%)	32 (17.6%)	8 (5.7%)	7 (4.8%)	6 (5.2%)	60 (II.4%)	65 (13.6%)

Table 5.7.16 – QS2.2 – Behaviour Statement: My finances control my life – by Age & Gender

			Net /	Annual household Inc	come	
Counts Break % Respondents	Total		Between €10,000 - €14,500 per year	€14,500 - €36,000 per year	€36,000 or more per year	Don't know/ refused
Total	1005	54	146	454	253	98
Never	102 (10.1%)	10 (18.5%)	19 (13.0%)	40 (8.8%)	24 (9.5%)	9 (9.2%)
Rarely	196 (19.5%)	12 (22.2%)	29 (19.9%)	76 (16.7%)	62 (24.5%)	17 (17.3%)
Sometimes	334 (33.2%)	12 (22.2%)	42 (28.8%)	133 (29.3%)	IIO (43.5%)	37 (37.8%)
Often	248 (24.7%)	13 (24.1%)	29 (19.9%)	141 (31.1%)	41 (16.2%)	24 (24.5%)
Always	l25 (l2.4%)	7 (13.0%)	27 (18.5%)	64 (I4.I%)	16 (6.3%)	II (II.2%)

Table 5.7.17 – QS2.2 – Behaviour Statement: My finances control my life – by NET Annual Household Income

Behaviour Statement: Before I buy something I carefully consider whether I can afford it (QS2.3)

- A high 78% of all Maltese residents (770 respondents) indicated that they often/always take careful consideration of whether they can afford to buy something prior to buying the item.
- 17% (173 respondents) stated that before they buy something, they sometimes carefully consider whether they can afford it or not.
- Only 5% indicated that they rarely/never take careful consideration of same.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender	
Respondents	Total		20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
Never	10 (1.0%)	I (4.5%)		2 (0.9%)	I (0.5%)		4 (2.8%)	2 (1.7%)	5 (1.0%)	5 (1.0%)
Rarely		3 (13.6%)	9 (5.2%)	2 (0.9%)	4 (2.2%)	6 (4.3%)	14 (9.7%)	5 (4.3%)	21 (4.0%)	22 (4.6%)
Sometimes	173 (17.2%)	I (4.5%)	31 (17.9%)	21 (9.2%)	29 (15.9%)	26 (18.6%)	32 (22.1%)	33 (28.7%)	76 (14.4%)	97 (20.3%)
Often		II (50.0%)	75 (43.4%)	108 (47.4%)	89 (48.9%)	53 (37.9%)	50 (34.5%)	33 (28.7%)	249 (47.3%)	170 (35.5%)
Always	360 (35.8%)	6 (27.3%)	58 (33.5%)	95 (41.7%)	59 (32.4%)	55 (39.3%)	45 (31.0%)	42 (36.5%)	175 (33.3%)	185 (38.6%)

Table 5.7.18 – QS2.3 – Behaviour Statement: Before I buy something I carefully consider whether I can afford it – by Age & Gender

0 1 5 10				Level of E	ducation		
Counts Break % Respondents	Total		Some secondary school	Complete secondary school	Post-Secondary	University Level	Post-Graduate Level
Total		8	30	367	235	226	139
Never	10 (1.0%)	I (I2.5%)	2 (6.7%)	4 (1.1%)	3 (1.3%)		
Rarely				17 (4.6%)	7 (3.0%)	II (4.9%)	8 (5.8%)
Sometimes	173 (17.2%)		7 (23.3%)	71 (19.3%)	26 (II.1%)	48 (21.2%)	21 (15.1%)
Often		3 (37.5%)	14 (46.7%)	II3 (30.8%)	116 (49.4%)	101 (44.7%)	72 (51.8%)
Always	360 (35.8%)	4 (50.0%)	7 (23.3%)	162 (44.1%)	83 (35.3%)	66 (29.2%)	38 (27.3%)

Table 5.7.19 - QS2.3 - Behaviour Statement: Before I buy something I carefully consider whether I can afford it - by Level of Education

Behaviour Statement: I have money left over at the end of the month (QS2.4)

- ▶ 45% of Maltese residents (452 respondents) indicated that they often/always have money left over at end of month.
- ▶ I in 3 residents (33% 330 respondents) indicated that sometimes they have money left over at end of month.
- ▶ Just over I in 5 (22% 223 respondents) indicated that they rarely/ever have money left at end of month.

Counts Break %	Total		Age							
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
Never	60 (6.0%)	I (4.5%)	3 (1.7%)	17 (7.5%)	12 (6.6%)	12 (8.6%)	6 (4.1%)	9 (7.8%)	19 (3.6%)	41 (8.6%)
Rarely		5 (22.7%)	32 (18.5%)	24 (10.5%)	21 (11.5%)	23 (16.4%)	35 (24.1%)	23 (20.0%)	50 (9.5%)	II3 (23.6%)
Sometimes	330 (32.8%)	8 (36.4%)	55 (31.8%)	69 (30.3%)	49 (26.9%)	54 (38.6%)	56 (38.6%)	39 (33.9%)	170 (32.3%)	160 (33.4%)
Often		5 (22.7%)	58 (33.5%)	86 (37.7%)	70 (38.5%)	37 (26.4%)	32 (22.1%)	29 (25.2%)	219 (41.6%)	98 (20.5%)
Always	135 (13.4%)	3 (13.6%)	25 (14.5%)	32 (14.0%)	30 (16.5%)	14 (10.0%)	I6 (II.0%)	15 (13.0%)	68 (12.9%)	67 (14.0%)

Table 5.7.20 – QS2.4 – Behaviour Statement: I have money left over at the end of the month – by Age & Gender

			Net /	Annual household Inc	come	
Counts Break % Respondents	Total		Between €10,000 - €14,500 per year	€14,500 - €36,000 per year	€36,000 or more per year	Don't know/ refused
Total	1005	54	146	454	253	98
Never	60 (6.0%)	II (20.4%)	13 (8.9%)	22 (4.8%)	6 (2.4%)	8 (8.2%)
Rarely		II (20.4%)	37 (25.3%)	71 (15.6%)	20 (7.9%)	24 (24.5%)
Sometimes	330 (32.8%)	23 (42.6%)	50 (34.2%)	159 (35.0%)	60 (23.7%)	38 (38.8%)
Often	317 (31.5%)	4 (7.4%)	35 (24.0%)	152 (33.5%)	103 (40.7%)	23 (23.5%)
Always	I35 (I3.4%)	5 (9.3%)	II (7.5%)	50 (II.0%)	64 (25.3%)	5 (5.1%)

Table 5.7.2I – QS2.4 – Behaviour Statement: I have money left over at the end of the month – by NET Annual Household Income

Behaviour Statement: I pay my bills on time (QS2.5)

- ▶ A high 91% of Maltese residents (918 respondents) indicated that they often/always pay their bills on time.
- ▶ 7% (70 respondents) sometimes pay their bills on time.
- ▶ The remaining 2% (I7 respondents) stated that they rarely/ever pay their bills on time.

Counts Break %	Total		Age							
Respondents	Total		20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69		Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
Never	2 (0.2%)			I (0.4%)	I (0.5%)				2 (0.4%)	
Rarely		3 (13.6%)		5 (2.2%)	4 (2.2%)	1 (0.7%)	1 (0.7%)	1 (0.9%)	4 (0.8%)	II (2.3%)
Sometimes	70 (7.0%)	6 (27.3%)	18 (10.4%)	19 (8.3%)	II (6.0%)	7 (5.0%)	4 (2.8%)	5 (4.3%)	41 (7.8%)	29 (6.1%)
Often		8 (36.4%)	89 (51.4%)	122 (53.5%)	74 (40.7%)	39 (27.9%)	41 (28.3%)	15 (13.0%)	259 (49.2%)	129 (26.9%)
Always	530 (52.7%)	5 (22.7%)	66 (38.2%)	81 (35.5%)	92 (50.5%)	93 (66.4%)	99 (68.3%)	94 (81.7%)	220 (41.8%)	310 (64.7%)

Table 5.7.22 – QS2.5 – Behaviour Statement: I pay my bills on time – by Age & Gender

			Net /	Annual household Inc	ome	
Counts Break % Respondents	Total		Between €10,000 - €14,500 per year	€14,500 - €36,000 per year	€36,000 or more per year	Don't know/ refused
Total	1005	54	146	454	253	98
Never	2 (0.2%)	I (I.9%)			1 (0.4%)	
Rarely	I5 (I.5%)		4 (2.7%)	8 (I.8%)		3 (3.1%)
Sometimes	70 (7.0%)	9 (16.7%)	14 (9.6%)	33 (7.3%)	9 (3.6%)	5 (5.1%)
Often	388 (38.6%)	13 (24.1%)	46 (31.5%)	197 (43.4%)	103 (40.7%)	29 (29.6%)
Always	530 (52.7%)	31 (57.4%)	82 (56.2%)	216 (47.6%)	140 (55.3%)	61 (62.2%)

Table 5.7.23 - QS2.5 - Behaviour Statement: I pay my bills on time - by Net Annual Household Income

5.8 LEVEL OF FINANCIAL KNOWLEDGE

Level of Financial Knowledge - Object of Research Areas

This Section assesses Maltese residents' level of financial knowledge. OECD/INFE's object of asking questions is to test different aspects of knowledge which are widely considered to be useful to individuals when making financial decisions.

5.8.1 Self-Assessed Overall Knowledge on Financial Matters (QKI)

The Maltese resident survey respondents were first asked to sell-assess their overall knowledge on financial matters when comparing themselves to other residents in Malta, on a scale of I-5, where 'I' is 'very low' and '5' is 'very high' (QKI).

- ▶ I in 2 Maltese residents (51% 510 respondents) rated their overall knowledge on financial matters as average.
- Following, 39% (392 respondents) indicated that they have a high/very high level of overall knowledge on financial matters. This was mostly indicated by residents aged younger than 29 years.
- ▶ I in IO (IO% IO3 respondents) consider themselves to have a low/very low level of overall knowledge on financial matters.
- As expected, there were notable differences between the 'high' & 'low' ratings when assessed by the adults' level of education, however interestingly, the 'average' knowledge ratings were also very high among the post-secondary and tertiary education cohorts, except for post-graduate level residents. Table 5.8.2 below illustrates these findings by level of education.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Ger	Gender	
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female	
Total	1005	22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479	
Very Low	23 (2.3%)	I (4.5%)	3 (1.7%)	7 (3.1%)	2 (1.1%)	6 (4.3%)	2 (1.4%)	2 (1.7%)	9 (1.7%)	14 (2.9%)	
Quite Low		2 (9.1%)	13 (7.5%)	30 (13.2%)	16 (8.8%)	8 (5.7%)	9 (6.2%)	2 (1.7%)	49 (9.3%)	31 (6.5%)	
Average	510 (50.7%)	6 (27.3%)	77 (44.5%)	II6 (50.9%)	100 (54.9%)	73 (52.1%)	69 (47.6%)	69 (60.0%)	236 (44.9%)	274 (57.2%)	
Quite High	339 (33.7%)	12 (54.5%)	74 (42.8%)	63 (27.6%)	58 (31.9%)	46 (32.9%)	49 (33.8%)	37 (32.2%)	211 (40.1%)	128 (26.7%)	
Very High	53 (5.3%)	I (4.5%)	6 (3.5%)	12 (5.3%)	6 (3.3%)	7 (5.0%)	I6 (II.0%)	5 (4.3%)	21 (4.0%)	32 (6.7%)	

Table 5.8.I - QKI - Respondents' level of overall knowledge on financial matters - by Age & Gender

Carrata Brasila 04				Level of E	ducation		
Counts Break % Respondents	Total		Some secondary school	Complete secondary school	Post-Secondary		Post-Graduate Level
Total		8	30	367	235	226	139
Very Low	23 (2.3%)	I (I2.5%)		9 (2.5%)	7 (3.0%)	5 (2.2%)	1 (0.7%)
Quite Low		I (I2.5%)	3 (10.0%)	41 (11.2%)	16 (6.8%)	15 (6.6%)	4 (2.9%)
Average	510 (50.7%)	4 (50.0%)	19 (63.3%)	201 (54.8%)	126 (53.6%)	II3 (50.0%)	47 (33.8%)
Quite High		I (I2.5%)	6 (20.0%)	102 (27.8%)	75 (31.9%)	78 (34.5%)	77 (55.4%)
Very High	53 (5.3%)	I (I2.5%)	2 (6.7%)	14 (3.8%)	II (4.7%)	15 (6.6%)	10 (7.2%)

Table 5.8.2 - QKI - Respondents' level of overall knowledge on financial matters - by Level of Education

5.8.2 A Short Test on Financial Knowledge and Numeracy Skills (QK2-Q6)

In this Section the survey respondents were asked to participate in a small test (quiz) to assess their knowledge of basic financial concepts and their ability to apply numeracy skills in a financial context. Table 5.8.3 below gives an overview of OECD/INFE's rationale for including these questions in its research instrument. OECD/INFE's minimum target 'correct' score for each question is at least 70%.

Question No	Question Text	Possible Responses	Purpose of Question
QK2	The amount obtained by each brother if 5 brothers were to equally share a gift of €1000	Open response [Correct response: €200]	To test ability to undertake basic mental arithmetic in a financial context
Q КЗ	Whether the 5 brothers would be able to buy more, the same amount of less than they could buy today if they had to wait for one year to get their share of money and inflation stays the same	Multiple choice [correct response: same amount]	To test ability to understand how inflation impacts on purchasing power
QK4	The interest rate on a €25 lent to a friend one evening and which he/she pays all back the next morning. How much interest has this friend paid	Open response [correct response: None/0]	To test understanding of interest without difficult arithmetic
QK5	The amount available, at the end of the first year, in a savings account of €100 at an interest rate of 2% p.a. No further payments to be made in the account and no money is withdrawn.	Open response [correct response: €102]	To test ability to calculate simple interest on savings
QK6	The amount available, at the end of five years, in a savings account of €100 at an interest rate of 2% p.a.	Multiple choice [Correct response: More than €II0]	To test whether respondent is aware of the additional benefit of compounding

Table 5.8.3 - Source: OECD/INFE International Survey, 2023 (adapted)

Financial Knowledge and Numeracy Skills (QK2-QK6) - Research Findings in Detail

- ▶ A detailed presentation of findings by age and gender QK2-QK6 now follows.
- ▶ Worthy of noting is that these 2023 financial knowledge and numeracy skills findings presented below proved very similar to the 2018 study findings.

i. QK2 - The amount obtained by each brother if 5 brothers were to equally share a gift of €1000

Purchase of Question: To test ability to undertake basic mental arithmetic in a financial context.

Correct Response: €200.

Most Maltese residents possess very good basic mental arithmetic. In fact, almost all respondents, 97% (973 respondents) gave the correct response of €200 when asked to indicate the amount obtained by each brother if 5 brothers were to equally share a gift of €1000.

Responses	Total
Total	1005
Correct Response: €200	973 (96.8%)
Incorrect response	30 (3%)
Don't Know	2 (0.20%)

Table 5.8.4 – QK2 – The amount obtained by each brother if 5 brothers were to equally share a gift of €1000

ii. QK3 - Whether the 5 brothers would be able to buy more, the same amount of less than they could buy today if they had to wait for one year to get their share of money, if inflation stays the same.

Purchase of Question: To test ability to understand how inflation impacts on purchasing power.

Correct Response: Same Amount.

▶ 2 in 3 Maltese residents are able to understand how inflation impacts on purchasing power, however this result does not meet OECD/INFE's 70% minimum mark requirement. This is because 67% (672 respondents) of respondents believe that the 5 brothers would be able to buy the same amount with their share of money if they had to wait for one year to get their money if inflation remains the same, which is the correct response.

Counts Break %	Total		Age							
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
more than they could buy today	50 (5.0%)		6 (3.5%)	29 (12.7%)	3 (1.6%)	9 (6.4%)	3 (2.1%)		31 (5.9%)	19 (4.0%)
the same ammount		19 (86.4%)	135 (78.0%)	156 (68.4%)	139 (76.4%)	88 (62.9%)	79 (54.5%)	56 (48.7%)	385 (73.2%)	287 (59.9%)
less than they could buy today	247 (24.6%)	2 (9.1%)	28 (16.2%)	35 (15.4%)	37 (20.3%)	33 (23.6%)	58 (40.0%)	54 (47.0%)	101 (19.2%)	146 (30.5%)
Other					2 (1.1%)	3 (2.1%)	I (0.7%)		4 (0.8%)	2 (0.4%)
Don't Know	30 (3.0%)	I (4.5%)	4 (2.3%)	8 (3.5%)	1 (0.5%)	7 (5.0%)	4 (2.8%)	5 (4.3%)	5 (1.0%)	25 (5.2%)

Table 5.8.5 – QK3 – Whether the 5 brothers would be able to buy more, the same amount or less than they could buy today if they had to wait for one year to get their share of money, if inflation remains the same - by Age & Gender

iii. QK4 - The interest rate on a €25 lent to a friend one evening and which he/she pays back the next morning.

Purchase of Question: To test understanding of interest without difficult arithmetic.

Correct Response: none/ '0'

Most Maltese residents are able to understand 'interest' without difficult arithmetic. In fact, a high 89% of the respondents (897 respondents) gave the correct response of €0 when asked to indicate the interest rate which is paid on €25 which are lent to a friend one evening and which are paid back the next morning. 'None/O is the correct response.

Responses	Total
Total	1005
Correct Response: €0	897 (89.2%)
Incorrect response	8 (0.8%)
Don't Know	100 (10%)

Table 5.8.6 – QK4 – The interest rate on a €25 lent to a friend one evening and which he/she pays back the next morning – by Aggregate

iv. QK5 - The amount available, at the end of the first year, in a savings account of €100 at an interest rate of 2% p.a.

Purchase of Question: To test ability to calculate simple interest on savings.

Correct Response: €102

8 in IO Maltese residents are able to calculate simple interest on savings. In fact, 83% (837 respondents) of all respondents replied with the correct response of €102 when asked to indicate the amount available in a savings account of €100 at the end of the first year at an interest rate of 2% p.a..

Responses	Total
Total	1005
Correct Response: €I02	837 (83.2%)
Incorrect response	52 (5.2%)
Don't Know	II6 (II.6%)

Table 5.8.7 – QK5 – The amount available, at the end of the first year, in a savings account of €100 at an interest rate of 2% p.a. – by Aggregate

v. QK6 - The amount available, at the end of five years, in a savings account of €100 at an interest rate of 2% p.a.

Purchase of Question: To test whether respondent is aware of the additional benefit of compounding.

Correct Response: More than €110

Doly 42% of Maltese residents are aware of the additional benefit of compounding; a result which does not meet OECD/INFE's 70% minimum mark requirement. In fact, only 42% (42I respondents) gave the correct answer of 'more than €IIO' for this question.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender	
Respondents	Total	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
More than €II0	421 (41.9%)	8 (36.4%)	68 (39.3%)	88 (38.6%)	67 (36.8%)	63 (45.0%)	71 (49.0%)	56 (48.7%)	236 (44.9%)	185 (38.6%)
Exactly €II0		12 (54.5%)	49 (28.3%)	74 (32.5%)	91 (50.0%)	45 (32.1%)	50 (34.5%)	33 (28.7%)	187 (35.6%)	167 (34.9%)
Don't Know	124 (12.3%)		32 (18.5%)	47 (20.6%)	II (6.0%)	14 (10.0%)	II (7.6%)	9 (7.8%)	58 (II.0%)	66 (13.8%)
It is not possible to say from the information given		2 (9.1%)	19 (11.0%)	13 (5.7%)	5 (2.7%)	8 (5.7%)	5 (3.4%)	6 (5.2%)	31 (5.9%)	27 (5.6%)
Less than €II0	48 (4.8%)		5 (2.9%)	6 (2.6%)	8 (4.4%)	10 (7.1%)	8 (5.5%)	II (9.6%)	14 (2.7%)	34 (7.1%)

Table 5.8.8 – QK6 – The amount available, at the end of five years, in a savings account of €100 at an interest rate of 2% p.a. – by Age & Gender

5.9 AWARENESS & KNOWLEDGE ON "GEMMA

- KNOW, PLAN, ACT"

This Section assesses Maltese residents' awareness of and knowledge on "ĠEMMA – Know, Plan, Act". The survey respondents were asked two specific questions depicted below.

5.9.1 Level of Awareness of "ĠEMMA - Know, Plan, Act"

- Less than half of Maltese residents (46% 46I respondents) are awareness of 'ĠEMMA Know, Plan, Act". The age cohorts least aware of ĠEMMA are those aged between 60-79 years old.
- Assessing awareness of ĠEMMA "by Maltese adults" (n=885) (i.e. excluding foreigners residing in Malta), one finds that I in 2 (50% 445 respondents) are aware of ĠEMMA. Even here, the age cohorts least aware of ĠEMMA are those aged between 60-79 years old.

Counts Break %	Total		Gender							
Respondents		18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	173	228	182	140	145	115	526	479
Yes	461 (45.9%)	14 (63.6%)	79 (45.7%)	96 (42.1%)	95 (52.2%)	79 (56.4%)	57 (39.3%)	41 (35.7%)	211 (40.1%)	250 (52.2%)
No	544 (54.1%)	8 (36.4%)	94 (54.3%)	132 (57.9%)	87 (47.8%)	61 (43.6%)	88 (60.7%)	74 (64.3%)	315 (59.9%)	229 (47.8%)

Table 5.8.9 - Q4 - Awareness of "ĠEMMA - Know, Plan, Act" - by Age & Gender

Counts Break %	Total		Ger	Gender						
Respondents		18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		22	148	169	164	136	134	112	438	447
Yes	445 (50.3%)	14 (63.6%)	76 (51.4%)	87 (51.5%)	94 (57.3%)	78 (57.4%)	55 (41.0%)	41 (36.6%)	204 (46.6%)	241 (53.9%)
No		8 (36.4%)	8 (36.4%)	82 (48.5%)	70 (42.7%)	58 (42.6%)	79 (59.0%)	71 (63.4%)	234 (53.4%)	206 (46.1%)

Table 5.8.10 - Q4 - Awareness of "ĠEMMA - Know, Plan, Act" (n=885) (excluding foreign residents) - by Age & Gender

5.9.2 Level of Knowledge on "GEMMA - Know, Plan, Act"

- The Maltese residents who are aware of ĠEMMA were then assessed on their knowledge on ĠEMMA's role. Survey respondents were asked to select from a list of ĠEMMA role options made available to them.
- ▶ I in 3 Maltese residents (30% I39 respondents) are aware of ĠEMMA's role as they ticked the correct "all of the above" reply option in Table 5.8.II below.
- ► However, a further 54% (250 respondents) opted for reply option "an initiative which helps individuals of all ages to learn good financial behaviour and how to manage money properly", which may also be deemed a very good description of ĠEMMA's role.

Counts Break %	Total				Age				Gender	
Respondents	Totat	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70-79	Male	Female
Total		14	79	96	95	79	57	41	211	250
A local website	54 (II.7%)		8 (10.1%)	8 (8.3%)	12 (12.6%)	II (I3.9%)	8 (14.0%)	7 (17.1%)	28 (13.3%)	26 (10.4%)
An initiative to help older persons to be protected from scams and frauds		I (7.1%)	I (I.3%)	I (I.O%)	3 (3.2%)	2 (2.5%)	5 (8.8%)	7 (17.1%)	13 (6.2%)	7 (2.8%)
An initiative to teach people about pensions	52 (II.3%)	3 (21.4%)	6 (7.6%)	9 (9.4%)	8 (8.4%)	13 (16.5%)	7 (12.3%)	6 (14.6%)	31 (14.7%)	21 (8.4%)
An initiative to teach children about money		4 (28.6%)	7 (8.9%)	9 (9.4%)	10 (10.5%)	8 (10.1%)	9 (15.8%)	10 (24.4%)	28 (13.3%)	29 (II.6%)
A local app	29 (6.3%)	3 (21.4%)	6 (7.6%)	3 (3.1%)	4 (4.2%)	8 (10.1%)	4 (7.0%)	1 (2.4%)	16 (7.6%)	13 (5.2%)
An initiative which helps individuals of all ages to learn good financial behaviour and how to manage money properly		4 (28.6%)	41 (51.9%)	58 (60.4%)	56 (58.9%)	42 (53.2%)	27 (47.4%)	22 (53.7%)	114 (54.0%)	136 (54.4%)
All of the above	139 (30.2%)	6 (42.9%)	28 (35.4%)	26 (27.1%)	27 (28.4%)	25 (31.6%)	19 (33.3%)	8 (19.5%)	72 (34.1%)	67 (26.8%)
Don't know		I (7.I%)	5 (6.3%)	5 (5.2%)	4 (4.2%)		I (I.8%)	4 (9.8%)	5 (2.4%)	15 (6.0%)

Table 5.8.II – Q5 – Knowledge on "ĠEMMA – Know, Plan, Act" (n=46I) – by Age & Gender



APPENDIX A:

STRUCTURED RESEARCH QUESTIONNAIRE

6 APPENDIX A: STRUCTURED RESEARCH QUESTIONNAIRE

A. PERSONAL & HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS

QD4.	Pls select your	preferre	ed question	naire langua	ge: Tick	one on	ly		
	Maltese		English						
QDI. K	indly indicate	your gen	der: Tick o	ne only					
	Male		Female		Χ				
QD7A.	Which of the	se age br	rackets do y	ou fall into	pls? Ticl	k one or	nly		
	18-19		20-29		30-39)		40-49	
	50-59		60-69		70-79				
QD2A.	. Please indica	te your h	nometown:						
QD2B.	Geographica	l Region	the Respor	ndent hails f	rom. Tic	ck one o	only		
QD2B.	Geographica Southern Ha		the Respon	ndent hails f Northern I		ck one o		South Eastern	
QD2B.	- '		the Respon			ck one d		South Eastern Gozo	
	Southern Ha	rbour		Northern I	Harbour]			
	Southern Ha	rbour		Northern I	Harbour	[] ou live w	vith	Gozo	
	Southern Ha Western Who do you us	rbour sually live	e with in you	Northern I Northern ur househol	Harbour	[ou live w With a	vith	Gozo Tick all that apply	
	Southern Ha Western Who do you us I live alone	rbour sually live	e with in you	Northern I Northern ur househol	Harbour	ou live w With a	vith partner	Gozo Tick all that apply //spouse	
	Southern Ha Western Who do you us I live alone With children	rbour sually live n under t	e with in you	Northern I Northern ur househol 3 yrs	Harbour	ou live w With a	vith partner hildren a	Tick all that apply stylenouse aged 18+ yrs	

B. PLANNING & MANAGING FINANCES

QFI_a.	Do you make day-to-day decisions about your own money? Tick one only
	Yes Don't Know Refused
QFI. Ar	nd who is responsible for making day-to-day decisions about money in your household pls? Tick One Onl y
	You make these decisions by yourself You make these decisions with someone else
	Someone else makes these decisions Don't Know
	Refused
QF2. D	o you do any of the following for yourself or your household? Tick all that apply
	Make a plan to manage your income and expenses
	Keep a note of your spending
	Keep money for bills separate from day-to-day spending money
	Make a note of upcoming bills to make sure you don't miss them
	Use a banking app or money management tool to keep track of your outgoings
	Arrange automatic payments (e.g. standing orders) for regular outgoings
	Don't Know
	I don't do any of the above
	Refused

C. ACTIVE SAVING & FINANCIAL SHOCKS

saving money in any of the following ways listed below, whether or not you still have the money? Please do not take into account any money paid into a pension fund, but think about all kinds of savings, e.g. saving for a rainy-day fund or putting money aside for a special occasion, etc. Tick all that apply
Saving cash at home or in your wallet
Paying money into a savings/deposit account
Giving money to your family to save on your behalf
Buying bonds or time (fixed) deposits
Buying cryptocurrencies such as bitcoin or investing in ICOs
Investing in stocks and shares
Saving or investing in some other way other than a pension, e.g. buying property, etc
I have not been saving money in the past I2 months
Don't Know
QF4. If you (personally) had to face a major expense today, say, equivalent to your monthly income, would you be able to pay it without borrowing the money or asking family or friends for help? Tick one only
Yes Don't Know I don't have any personal income
D. FINANCIAL GOALS
QF5. Some people set themselves financial goals, e.g. buying a car, settling a bank loan before they are required to, etc. Do you have any financial goals? Tick one only
Yes Don't Know

QF3. Now thinking about yourself, rather than your household ... in the last I2 months have you been (personally)

-	Which of the following actions best describe the actions you (personally) have taken to meet your most ant goal? Tick all that apply
	Prepared a plan of action
	Increased your credit card or loan repayments
	Saved or invested money
	Looked for new/ different/ additional source of income
	Identified a source of credit (e.g. loan, overdraft, etc.)
	Reduced spending
	Other, pls specify:
	I did nothing
	Don't Know
E. RE	TIREMENT PLANS
_	On a scale from I to 5, with I being "not at all confident" and 5 being "very confident", how confident is that you have done a good job of making financial plans for your retirement? Tick One Only
	Not at all confident Not confident
	Neither confident nor not confident Confident
	Very confident I do not have a retirement plan
	Don't know
Q2. In	your opinion, at what age should people begin to make a financial plan for their retirement?
	18-19 20-29 30-39 40-49
	50-59 Don't Know

QF9. ⊢	How will you fund/ are you funding / have you funded your retirement? Tick all that apply
	You have a government pension/ old age benefit
	You have an occupational or workplace pension plan benefit
	You have a private pension plan
	Sell your financial assets (eg. government bonds, stocks, etc)
	Sell your non-financial assets (eg your car, property, jewelry, etc
	From income generated by your financial or non-finance assets (e.g. dividends, rents from property, etc.)
	Rely on your spouse or partner to support you
	Rely on your children or other family members to support you
	Withdraw from your savings
	Continue to work
	From the revenues of a business you own
	From other source, pls specify:
	I dont have a financial plan
	Don't Know
F. MA	KING ENDS MEET
The ne	xt questions refer to financial decisions and experiences people may face
_	Sometimes people find that their income does not quite cover their living expenses. In the last I2 months, s happened to you pls? Tick one only
	Yes Don't Know I don't have any personal income

QF12. IF YES AT QF11: What did you do to make ends meet the last time this happened pls? **Tick all that apply** I drew money out of my savings or transfered savings into my current account

I cut back on spending, spent less/ did without
I sold something I owned
I worked overtime/ earned extra money
I asked for help from my family or friends
I borrowed from my family or friends
I borrowed from my employer/was given salary in advance
I pawned (deposited as security) something I own
I withdrew from my savings account
I took money out of a flexible mortgage account
I used an authorised, arranged overdraft or a line of credit
I used my credit card to obtain cash or to pay bills/ buy food
I took out a personal loan from a bank
I took out a loan from an informal provider/ money-lender
I used an unauthorised overdraft
I paid my bills late/ missed payments

Other, pls specify:

Don't Know

G. CHOOSING & USING FINANCIAL PRODUCTS & SERVICES

The next questions refer to choosing & using financial services

QPI: Can you kindly indicate whether you have heard of any of these types of financial products pls?

QP2: Now, can you indicate whether you currently hold any of these types of products (personally or jointly) pls?

QP3: And which of the following types of financial products have you chosen (personally or jointly) within the last two years pls, irrespective of whether you still hold them or not. Please do not include products which were renewed automatically from previous years.

	QPI: Tick all that apply	QP2: Tick all that apply	QP3: Tick all that apply
		GO TO NEW-Q3	GO TO NEW-Q3
A pension fund	1	1	1
An investment account, such as a unit trust	2	2	2
A House loan	3	3	3
A bank loan secured on property	4	4	4
An unsecured personal bank loan	5	5	5
A car loan	6	6	6
A credit card	7	7	7
A current account	8	8	8
A savings account	9	9	9
Insurance	10	Ю	Ю
Stocks & shares	II	Ш	Ш
Bonds	12	12	12
Mobile phone payment account (contract)	[3]	I3	l3
Prepaid mobile phone top-up card	14	14	14
Crypto-assets	15	15	15

	QPI: Tick all that apply	QP2: Tick all that apply	QP3: Tick all that apply
Financial products labelled 'green' or ESG	[6]	16	17
I have not heard of any of these products	17	-	-
I don't hold any of these products	-	17	-
I have not chosen any of these products in the last two years	-	-	17
Don't know	[8]	[18]	18

QP5: IF TICKED '1' AT QP2 & IF TICKED '1' AT QP3: IF TICKED '1' AT QP2:

You said that you currently hold A PENSION FUND Which of the following statements best describes how you chose this PENSION FUND pls. **Tick one only**

IF TICKED '1' AT QP3:

statem	nents best describes now you chose this PENSION FUND pls. FICK one only
	I considered several options from different companies before making my decision
	I considered the various options from one company
	I didn't consider any other options at all
	I looked around but there were no other options to consider
	Other, pls specify:
	Don't Know

You said that you chose A PENSION FUND within the last two years. Which of the following

H. ATTITUDES & BEHAVIOUR

QSI. On a scale from I to 5, with I being "completed disagree" and 5 being "completely agree", please indicate your level of agreement with the following statements as they relate to you:

Tick One Only For Each Statement

QSI	Statement	Completely Disagree	Disagree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Agree	Completely Agree
		1	2	3	4	5
I	I find it more satisfying to spend money than to save it for the long term					
3	Money is there to be spent					
4	I am satisfied with my present financial situation					
5	I keep a close personal watch on my financial affairs					
6	My financial situation limits my ability to do the things that are important to me					
7	I set long term financial goals and strive to achieve them					
9	I have too much debt right now					

QS2. For each of the following statements, can you kindly indicate how much it applies to you pls, i.e. I=Never, 2: rarely, 3=sometimes, 4=often, 5=always.

QSI	Statement	Never	Rarely	Sometimes	Often	Always
		1	2	3	4	5
I	I tend to worry about paying my normal expenses					
2	My finances control my life					
3	Before I buy something I carefully consider whether I can afford it					
4	I have money left over at the end of the month					
5	I pay my bills on time					
QKI. Or	I. FINANCIAL KNOWLEDGE QKI. On a scale from I to 5, with I being "very low" and 5 being "very high", how would you rate your overall knowledge on financial matters compared with other adults in Malta. Tick One Only					
	Very low					
2	Quite low					
3	Average					
4	Quite high					
5	Very high					
	Don't know					

The next few questions will take the form of a small quiz. These questions are not meant to trick you so if you think you have the correct answer, then you probably do.

-	magine that 5 brothers are given a gift of €I,000. If these brothers had to share the money equally, how does each friend get?
	Please indicate your reply here (in figures): €
	Don't Know
	Irrelevant answer
_	low imagine that these brothers have to wait for one year to get their share of the €1,000 and inflation ne same. In one year's time, will they be able to buy: Tick one only
	more with their share of the money, than they could buy today
	the same amount
	Other, pls specify:
	Don't Know
	Irrelevant answer (NOT to include in the online questionnaire) but at close of field, MF will go through all the replies and amend the irrelevant replies at reply option I
_	et's say you lend €25 to a friend one evening and he gives you €25 back the next day. How much thas he paid on this loan?
	Please indicate your reply here (in figures): €
	Don't Know
	Irrelevant answer

of 2% p	et's say you put €100 into a bank savings account (with no fees incurred) with a guaranteed interest rate per year. You don't make any further payments into this account and you don't withdraw any money. Such will there be in this savings account at the end of the first year, once the interest payment is y the bank?		
	Please indicate your reply here (in figures): €		
	Don't Know		
	Irrelevant answer		
J. KNO	OWLEDGE ON "ĠEMMA"		
Q4. Ha	ve you ever heard of "ĠEMMA – Know, Plan, Act"? Tick one only		
	Yes Don't Know		
Q5. ĠEMMA is Tick all that apply			
	A local website		
	An initiative to help order persons to be protected from scams and frauds		
	An initiative to teach people about pensions		
	An initiative to teach children about money		
	A local app		
	An initiative which helps individuals of all ages to learn good financial behaviour and how to manage money properly		
	All of the above		
	Don't Know		

K. RESPONDENT PROFILE B

QDI3. Which of the following best describes your NET (after paying tax) annual household income (NOT just your own personal income) pls? Tick one only					
	Up to €I0,000 per year	Betw	reen €10,000 - €14,500 per year		
	Between €I4,500 - €36,000 per year	€36,	000 or more per year		
	Don't Know/Refused				
QD9. What is the highest educational level you have attained pls? Tick one only					
	No formal education				
	Primary school				
	Some secondary school				
	Complete secondary school				
	Post-secondary technical/vocational education				
	University-level education (ie. Bachelors, first degree, etc)				
	Post-graduate level education (ie. Masters, PhD, etc)				
	Refused				
QDIO.	• Which of these bests describes your current work situation? Tick one only				
	Self-employed		Employed (full-time/part-time)		
	Apprendice		Looking after the home		
	Unemployed (looking for work)		Retired		
	Unable to work due to sickness or ill-health		Not working and not looking for work		
	Student		Other, pls specify:		
	Refused				



